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Light of the World



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LIGHT OF THE WORLD

OR

THE GREAT CONSUMMATION Of

BY

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD K.C.I.E. C.S.I.

AUTHOR OF THE LIGHT OF ASIA Etc.

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Che Queen's Most Excellent Majesty

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INTRODUCTORY.

POETRY, which was once supposed to be an inspiration-a delusion which was fostered by immature rhymesters to palliate their shortcomings and impart dignity to their trivialities-is now as universally recognized to be an art as painting, sculpture, or music, and the rules to which it conforms have been gathered from the practice of the masters, and formulated into a system of critical laws, which not to know is to know nothing of poetry. Never before in the history of English literature has poetry been the art which it is to-day, and never before have the divisions of this art been so clearly discriminated. It may be likened to a great kingdom, over which there is one ruler, who, by common consent, or admissive courtesy, is acknowledged monarch for the time being, but whose power is shared by other members of his intellectual line, who are lords and gov-

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ernors of their separate dependencies and provinces. Never since the throne of English Song was filled by Shakespeare, to whom (longo intervallo) Lord Tennyson is a worthy successor, has any single sovereign had such peers as he in Robert Browning, Matthew Arnold, Algernon Charles Swinburne, Dante Gabriel Rossetti, William Morris, and Sir Edwin Arnold. They cannot be said to resemble each other, as the Elizabethan poets resembled each other, and it is one of their great distinctions that they do not, each dwelling in his own lordly pleasure-house, and triumphing in his own realm of thought or feeling-Browning in the domain of spiritual tragedy, Arnold in the cloister of scholarly meditation, Swinburne in the halls of stormy harmony, Rossetti in the borderland between things seen and unseen, Morris in a paradise of earthly visions and fantasies, and Sir Edwin in the barbaric splendors of the Orient-the shadowy maze of its mythology, and the mysterious light of its speculation.

There is no trace of Orientalism in Sir Edwin's first volume of verse, which was published in his twentyfirst year, and which, like all first volumes, was a promise rather than a performance, nor does any direct trace thereof appear in the writings which he produced during his residence in India, where

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he was Principal of the Government College at Poona, and of which the chief was an edition of "The Hitopadesa," and an English translation of the same work. The consciousness of his poetic powers was not awakened in him until his fortythird year, and then not fully awakened, for whatever may be the spell which the "Gita Govinda" exercises in the original over Indian readers, an English poet with a clear intellectual vision should have seen at a glance that no translation, however faithful, and no paraphrase, however free, would be likely to interest the poetic readers of England. The English mind has never taken kindly to allegorical writing, or never but once, as in "The Pilgrim's Progress," which, by virtue of the awful theme with which it deals, and the gloomy force with which it embraces it, still retains a hold on emotional imaginations-least of all such allegorical writing as "The Indian Song of Songs," which consists of a succession of material enticements and temptations, struggles and overthrows, repentances and atonements, the whole shaping itself into a kind of dream-drama, if dream-opera be not the better phrase, between whatever ministers to the senses of man on the one hand, and whatever, on the other hand, ministers to their divine protago

nist-the Soul. A poem, the main motif of which is a shadowy delineation of the conflict between abstractions and suggestions of vice and virtue, can have no permanent place in the literature of a people who have suffered "The Faerie Queene" to become practically obsolete, and who endure rather than admire "The Sensitive Plant." But whatever may be thought of Sir Edwin's version of the "Gita Govinda," it possesses one merit which cannot be granted to most translations of Eastern poems, or most poems derived from Eastern sources, and that is the absence of notes, which professedly written as helps, are really hinderances to readers, in that they distract attention from the text before them, and which generally end in the discomfiture of the translator, or adapter, by showing his incompetency to reproduce the life and spirit of his original. The notes to "Thalaba" and "The Curse of Kehama" are better reading than the verse they were supposed to authenticate and illustrate-an objection which has sometimes been found with the notes to "Lalla Rookh." Sir Edwin was aware of this principle when he made his translation of "The Indian Song of Songs," and was possessed by it when, after an interval of four years, he sat down to write "The Light of Asia." No one who is un-

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familiar with the stream of English Song, since the inflowing of affluents from Oriental sources, is competent to judge and value, except from a poetical point of view, the ground which Sir Edwin has illuminated in "The Light of Asia." Knowledge of Sanskrit letters was rare in England until Sir William Jones groped his way in that direction about a hundred and twenty years ago, in eight or ten Hymns, in honor of as many Hindu deities, of which Hymns it is enough to say that they were considered elegant at the time. About a score of years later, grasping the clew which he held at first with a feeble hand, Sir William adventured boldly into the terra incognita of Sanskrit verse, and, by the help of native scholars, contrived to render the sweetest, if not the greatest work of the greatest Sanskrit poet, Kalidasa-the pastoral drama of "Sacontala." Other translators followed : Wilson, for instance, adding to the knowledge of ancient dramatic literature then current in England three volumes of translations of Hindu plays, while others devoted themselves to other examples of Hindu writing-their sacred classics, their popular folk-lore, their laws, their histories, and their epics. Oriental Societies sprang up plentifully in England, in France, in Germany, and in India itself. It was an era of philological curiosity

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and research, in Sankrit, in Persian, in Arabic, in Turkish, in most of the known languages of the East. Byron and Moore made Eastern poetry popular in England, and the minor poets walked in their footsteps; Milman occupying himself with translations from the "Mahabharata," and Hunt immortalizing himself in that most exquisite of all ethic trifles, "Abou Ben Adhem." Sir Edwin belongs to a distinguished line, and, wiser in his day and generation than those who went before him, placed himself at its head when he wrote "The Light of Asia," of which no prototype existed, and which was fortunate in the choice which selected Gautama as its hero. Whether Gautama was a historical personage, or the aggregation of moral myths, did not concern him as a poet, nor need it concern us while we read his poem. What he sought was an ideal character, and he found one in one of the great teachers of the race, who, born a powerful prince, was so keenly alive to the misery and ignorance of his people, so crushed with their intolerable burdens, that he abandoned his throne and his kingdom, and wandered away alone in order to discover, if he might, in renunciation and meditation, a cure for the sorrow and the suffering of mankind. Such, according to tradition, was Gautama, and for the object which Sir Edwin had in view he

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was worthy to be the hero of "The Light of Asia," wherein any consideration of the truth or falsehood of Buddhism as a religion would be entirely out of place, his object being simply to tell the story of a remarkable life, and to delineate a noble character: his purpose, in other words, being poetical and not polemical. What is said here of "The Light of Asia" applies with equal force to "Pearls of the Faith," as well as "The Song Celestial," "Indian Idylls"—indeed, to all his translations from, and reproductions of, Eastern verse of an ethical nature.

That Sir Edwin has added largely to the enjoyment of thoughtful readers by these poems is as certain as that they have added a serious element to contemporary English verse, which is no longer content to depict the surface of things in felicitous words, flooded with color and vibrant with melody, but determined to investigate the secrets of souls, and resolute to grapple with the mystery of life and death.

"The Light of Asia" is now followed, as many hoped it would be, by "The Light of the World," which, from the higher significance of its subject, and the greater fervor and reverence of its handling, comes more closely home to the bosoms of men. The theme of many poets, in many languages, the divine tragedy of the life and death of Christ has never till now

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been considered from the point of view which Sir Edwin has selected, and which is the one best suited to the poetical and spiritual development of his work, in that it is the one above all others to which the greatest number of Oriental influences and interests tend, and round which they revolve in ever-widening circles. Given his characters, sacred and profane, and the situations into which they naturally fall, the necessity for his poem, and his manner of writing it, is so apparent that one wonders it was not perceived before. It was much to have written "The Light of Asia," but it is more, infinitely more, to have written "The Light of the World," of which every lover of sacred song will say, when he has finished it,

"That strain I heard was of a higher mood."

RICHARD HENRY STODDARD.

NEW YORK, THE CENTURY CLUB, October 22, 1890.

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PROEME.

The Sovereign Voice spake, once more, in mine ear "Write, now, a song unstained by any tear !"

"What shall I write?" I said. The Voice replied, "Write what We tell thee of The Crucified !"

• "How shall I write," I said, "who am not meet One word of that sweet speaking to repeat?"

"It shall be given unto thee! Do this thing !" Answered The Voice: "Wash thy lips clean and sing!"

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THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

AT BETHLEHEM.

So many hills arising, green and grey, On Earth's large round, and that one hill to say : "I was his bearing place !" On Earth's wide breast So many maids ! and She—of all most blest— Heavily mounting Bethlehem, to be His Mother !—Holy Maid of Galilee ! Hill, with the olives, and the little town ! If rivers from their crystal founts flow down, If 'twas the Dawn which did Day's gold unbar, Ye were beginnings of the best we are, The most we see, the highest that we know, The lifting heavenward of Man's life below. Therefore, though better lips ye shall not lack, Suffer if one of modern mood steals back— Weary and wayworn, from the Desert-road Of barren Thought; from Hope's Dead Sea, which

glowed

With Love's fair mirage; from the Poet's haunt, The scholar's lamp, the statesman's scheme, the vaunt The failure, of all fond Philosophies,— Back unto Thee, back to thy olive-trees, Thy people, and thy story, and thy Son, Mary of Nazareth! So long agone Bearing us Him who made our Christendom, And came to save the Earth, from Heav'n, His home

So many hill-sides, crowned with rugged rocks ! So many simple shepherds keeping flocks In many moonlit fields ! but, only they— So lone, so long ago, so far away— On that one winter's night, at Bethlehem, To have white Angels singing lauds for them ! They only-hinds wrapped in the he-goat's skin-To hear Heaven's music, bidding Peace begin ! Only for those, of countless watching eyes, The "Glory of the Lord" glad to arise; The skies to blaze with gold and silver light Of seraphs by strong joy flashed into sight; The wind, for them, with that strange song to swell,---By too much happiness incredible,---That tender Anthem of good times to be, Then at their dawn-not daylight yet, ah me! "Peace upon Earth ! Good-will !" sung to the strings Of lutes celestial. Nay, if these things Too blessëd to believe have seemed, or seem, Not ours the fault, dear Angels ! Prove the dream Waking and true ! sing once again, and make Moonlight and starlight sweet for Earth's sad sake ! Or, if Heaven bids ye lock in silence still Conquest of Peace, and coming of Good-will, Till times to be, then-oh, you placid sheep!

Ah, thrice-blest shepherds ! suffer if we creep Back through the tangled thicket of the years To graze in your fair flock, to strain our ears With listening herdsmen, if, perchance, one note Of such high singing in the fine air float ; If any rock thrills yet with that great strain We did not hear, and shall not hear, again ; If any olive-leaf at Bethlehem Lisps still one syllable vouchsafed to them ; If some stream, conscious still—some breeze—be stirred

With echo of th' immortal words ye heard.

What was it that ye heard? the wind of Night Playing in cheating tones, with touches light, Amid the palm-plumes? or, one stop outblown Of planetary music, so far flown Earthwards, that to those innocent ears 'twas brought Which bent the mighty measure to their thought? Or, haply, from breast-shaped Beth-Haccarem, The hill of Herod, some waft sent to them Of storming drums and trumps, at festival Held in the Idumæan's purple hall? Or, it may be, some Aramaic song Of country lovers, after partings long Meeting anew, with much "good-will" indeed, Blown by some swain upon his Jordan reed? Nay, nay ! your abbas back ye did not fling, From each astonished ear, for swains to sing Their village-verses clear; for sounds well-known Of wandering breeze, or whispering trees, or tone Of Herod's trumpets. And ye did not gaze Heart-startled on the stars (albeit the rays Of that lone orb shot, sparkling, from the East Unseen before) for these, largest and least, Were fold-lamps, lighted nightly: and ye knew Far differing glory in the Night's dark blue Suddenly lit with rose, and pierced with spike Of golden spear-beam. Oh, a dream, belike! Some far fetched Vision, new to peasant's sleep.

Of Paradise stripped bare !—But, why thus keep Secrets for them? This bar, which doth enclose Better and nobler souls, why burst for those Who supped on the parched pulse, and lapped the

stream,

And each, at the same hour, dreams the same dream! Or, easier still, they lied! Yet, wherefore, then "Rise, and go up to Bethlehem," and unpen To wolf and jackal all their hapless fold So they might "see these things which had been told In Heaven's own Voice?" And Heaven, whate'er

betide,

Spreads surely somewhere, on Death's farther side ! This sphere obscure, viewed with dim eyes to match, This earthly span—gross, brief—wherein we snatch, Rarely and faintly, glimpses of Times past Which have been boundless, and of Times to last Beyond them timelessly, how should such be All to be seen, all we were made to see ? This flesh fallacious, binding us, indeed,

To sense, and yet so largely leaving freed That we do know things are we cannot know, And high and higher on Thought's stair-ways go Till each last round leads to some sudden steep Where reason swims, and falters, or must leap Headlong, perforce, into the Infinite, How should we say outside this shines no light Of lovelier scenes unseen, of lives which spread Pleasant and unexpected for the Dead, As our World, opening to the Babe's wide eyes New from the womb, and full of birth's surprise ?. How should this prove the All, the Last, the First? Why shall no inner, under, splendors burst Once-twice-the Veil? Why put a marvel by Because too rich with Hope? Why quite deny The Heavenly story, lest our doubtful hearts-Which mark the stars, and take them for bright parts Of boundless Being, ships of life that sail In glittering argosies—without a tale, Without a term-or, of that shoreless Sea,

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The scattered silver Islets, drifting free To destinies unmeasured—see, too, there By help of dead believing eyes, which were, The peoples of the Stars; and listen, meek, To those vast voices of the Stars, which speak— If ever they shall speak—in each man's tongue?

And, truly, if Joy's music once hath rung From lips of bands invisible, if any— (Be they the Dead, or of the deathless Many)— Love and serve Man, angelical Befrienders, Glad of his weal, and from his woe Defenders,— If such, in Heaven, have pity on our tears, Forever falling with the unmending years, High cause had they, at Bethlehem, that night To lift the curtain of Hope's hidden light, To break decree of silence with Love's cry, Foreseeing how this Babe, born lowlily, Should—past dispute, since now achieved is this— Bring Earth great gifts of blessing and of bliss;

Date, from that crib, the Dynasty of Love; Strip his misusëd thunderbolts from Jove; Bend to their knee Rome's Cæsars, break the chain From the slave's neck; set sick hearts free again Bitterly bound by priests, and scribes, and scrolls; And heal, with balm of pardon, sinking souls : Should Mercy to her vacant throne restore, Teach Right to Kings, and Patience to the poor : Should by His sweet Name all names overthrow. And by His lovely words, the quick seeds sow Of golden equities, and brotherhood, Of Pity, Peace, and gentle praise of Good ; Of knightly honor, holding life in trust For God, and Lord, and all things pure and just; Lowly to Woman; for Maid Mary's sake Lifting our sister from the dust, to take In homes her equal place, the Household's Queen, Crowned and august who sport and thrall had been; Of arts adorning Life, of charities Gracious and wide, because the impartial skies

Roof one race in ; and poor, weak, mean, oppressed, Are children of one bounteous Mother's breast, One Father's care : emancipating Man, Should, from that bearing-cave, outside the Khân, Amid the kneeling cattle, rise, and be Light of all lands, and splendor of each sea, The sun-burst of a new Morn come to Earth, Not yet, alas ! broad Day, but Day's white birth Which promiseth ; and blesseth, promising. These from that Night ! What cause of wondering If that one Silence of all Silences Brake into music ? if, for hopes like these Angels, who love us, sang that song, and show Of Time's far purpose made the "great light" glow ?

Wherefore, let whosoever will drink dry His cup of faith ; and think that, verily, Not in a vision, no way otherwise Than those poor shepherds told, there did arise This portent. Being amidst their sheep and goats,

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AT BETHLEHEM.

Lapped careless in their pasture-keeping coats, Blind as their drowsy beasts to what drew nigh, (Such the lulled ear, and such th' unbusied eye Which ofttimes hears and sees hid things!) there

spread

The "Glory of the Lord " around each head, A Light not morn-glow, nor the grey of Night, Nor lightning-flash, nor lit like any light By earthly orbs beheld, but fetched from beam Of that Concentral Sun whereby Suns gleam, Which kindles spheres, and has for Dusk full Noon, Shining behind the Blue, past Sun and Moon, And making hyaline of æther clear Where, with new eyes, souls-free of Death and Fear-In range incomprehensible, and ray Of limitless illuming, see alway Authentic Being : outside Life's close bars, By Life's light blotted, as at noon the stars. Such sight spreads bright behind that blindness here

Which men name "seeing;" and such Heav'n-Dawn dear

(As it had reason by such Day to follow !) Broke, be it deemed, o'er hill and over hollow, On the inner seeing, the sense concealed, unknown Of those plain hinds—glad, humble, and alone— Flooding their minds, filling their hearts ; around, Above, below, disclosing grove and ground, The rocks, the hill, the town, the solitude, The wondering flocks,—agaze with grass half-

chewed,-

The palm-crowns, and the path to Bethlehem, As sight angelic spies. And, came to them The "Angel of the Lord," visible, sure, Known for the Angel by his presence pure Whereon was written Love, and Peace, and Grace, With beauty passing mortal mien and face, His form declaring him. We should not seek,— As they, too, sought not,—any voice to speak The titles of the chief of those who stand

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Ruling our Planet, for th' encircling Hand Which scatters Suns and Stars athwart the Blue As sowers fling the seed. We should know, too, The great and tender eyes, sad with our sinning, Glad when we strive aright, 'ware of Beginning, And Ending, and the Reasons and the Path; That gracious, potent Friend who wisdom hath Of whence all come, and whereunto all go; (He, in Gethsemane, did see him so !) The embodied, blinding, loveliness of all Which, of Earth's dearest Dead, our hearts recall, To perfectness transfigured and combined; In heavenly type of utmost Humankind. Not robed, not sandalled, as the painters limn, But past all dreams, till we wake, seeing him; And, then, as natural, as dear, as known As to the Babe its Mother's brows bent down. Wingless; for where these live there blows no wind, Nor aught is gross as air, nor any kind Of substance, whereby spirit's march is stopped;

Nothing so heavy as the snow-flower dropped Feather-like on the wild swan's feather, or dip Of Swallow in the streamlet, or Love's lip Kissing the Dead. Oh, certes ! not of men, Yet, blending form with spirit ; nay, and then, Supreme, majestical ! for terror fell— With worship,—on their hearts, the writings tell ; So that the Angel of the Earth had need To comfort them, speaking these words, indeed :

"FEAR NOT! FOR BEHOLD I BRING YOU GOOD TIDINGS OF GREAT JOY, WHICH SHALL BE TO ALL PEOPLE."

"For unto you is born this day in the city of David, a Savior, which is Christ the Lord."

"And this the sign unto you! ye shall find the babe wrapped in Swaddling clothes lying in a manger."

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Might he not speak so, if, in truth, we heard Our Angel, and "the Lord's;" with simple word Easy and sweet, as to her little son A nursing mother; or—when Night is done— Dawn's soft breath whispering plain; "lo! I am

Day!"

But, of those things which the Bright One did say, So high, so new, so glad, so comforting, "Good tidings of great joy to you I bring !" The echo, not the meaning, of his speech Lives ; and men tell it sadly each to each, With lips, not hearts ; sadly, from tongue to tongue, The Ages, unpersuaded, pass along The dulcet message, like a dream bygone Which was for happy sleepers, but is flown. We bleed, and hate, and suffer, and are blind, Uncomprehending ; yet, if one will mind, That light is shining still on Life's far side ; And the Apostle, and Heaven's angel, lied, Or else, from Heaven that night th' Evangel fell : "Beginnings of the Golden Times we tell ! Now is the new Law opened ! Mary's son Hath opened it, and, when full years are run, Peace shall be, and Good-will, and Mercy shed Over all flesh and spirit, quick and dead ! The consummation comes, the purposed Bliss ; Earth was for Now ; her glad days spring from this !"

Nor only that one Angel (if we dare Receive) for "suddenly was with him there A multitude of heavenly ones," who throng The silvery gleam, all singing that same song Of Peace and Love ; all—for our Planet's sake— Praising ELOI.

('Tis the Name He spake In th' Aramaic, at His Mother's knee, In white-walled Nazareth of Galilee, Lisping first speech; and after, on His Cross; But we have sore misused, to all men's loss, The great word "God," speaking the Unspeakable With daily lips, and doing nowise well To give thereby parts, passions, qualities To the All-BEING, Who hath none of these; Mingling weak mortal thoughts of "Sire" and "King"

In "God the Father;" and so worshipping An idol, served with muttered spell and moan, Baser than brass, and duller than dead stone; A graven image of that Glorious All Who hath no form, and Whom His Angels call By never-uttered names, and Whom to see Not once hath been, and never once shall be; Who doth, in universal rule, possess Majesty, beauty, love, delightfulness; The omnipresent, conscious, Joy. 'Twere well,-If name must be-with Mary's Son to spell This unspoiled Word, mystical, free of dread, Ancient and hallowed; and by those lips said Which knew its meaning most, and called "God" so, * ELOI " in the Highest.)

Heaven a-glow ! And the mild burden of its minstrelsy : Peace beginning to be, Deep as the sleep of the sea When the stars their faces glass In its blue tranquillity : Hearts of men upon earth, From the first to the second birth, To rest as the wild waters rest With the colors of Heaven on their breast. Love, which is sunlight of peace,

Age by age to increase, Till Anger and Hate are dead And Sorrow and Death shall cease : "Peace on Earth and Good-will!" Souls that are gentle and still Hear the first music of this Far-off, infinite Bliss!

So-or in such wise-those rude shepherds heard

The Angels singing clear; when not one word Wiser ones caught that night—solemn and still— Of their high errand : "*Peace ! Good-will ! Good-will !*"

Ah! think we listened there, With opened heart and ear, And heard, in truth, as these men say they heard, On flock, and rock, and tree, Raining such melody; Heaven's love descending in that loveliest word.

"PEACE !" Not at first ! not yet ! Our Earth had to forget Burden of birth, and travail of slow years ; But now the dark time done ! Daylight at length begun ! First gold of Sun in sight, dispelling fears !

> PEACE, pledged, at last, to Man ! Oh ! if there only ran

Thrill of such surety through one human soul, Would not the swift joy start From beating heart to heart, Lighting all lands; leaping from pole to pole? PEACE, PEACE-to come ! to be ! If such were certainty Far-off, at length, at latest, any while, What woe were hard to bear? What sorrow worth one tear? Murder would soften, black Despair would smile. But, heralded on high, From midnight's purple sky Dropped like the sudden rain which brings the flowers: PEACE! Aye to dwell with men No strife, no wars ! and, then, The coupled comfort of those golden hours. GOOD-WILL! Consider this,

What easy, perfect bliss

If, over all the Earth the one change spread That Hate and Fraud should die, And all in amity, Let go rapine, and wrath, and wrong, and dread !

What lack of Paradise

If, in angelic wise,

Each unto each, as to himself, were dear? If we in souls descried, Whatever form might hide,

Own brother, and own sister, everywhere?

All this,—not whispered low To one heart, full of woe By reason of blood-reddened fields of Earth, By sight of Fear and Hate, And policies of state, And evil fruits which have from these their birth :

> But, through their ears, to us Straitly imparted thus

With pomp of glittering Angels, and their train; And radiance of such light As maketh mid-day night, And heavenliest speech of Heaven, not heard again

Till these things come to pass !--

Nay, if it be—alas !—

A vision, let us sleep and dream it true!

Or-sane, and broad-awake,

For its great sound and sake,

Take it, and make it Earth's, and peace ensue !

So when the Angels were no more to see, Re-entering those gates of space,—whose key Love keeps on that side, and on this side Death— Each shepherd to the other whispering saith, Lest he should miss some lingering symphonies Of that departing music, "Let us rise And go even now to Bethlehem, and spy This which is come to pass, shewed graciously By the Lord's Angels." Therewith hasted they By olive-yards, and old walls mossed and grey Where, in close chinks, the lizard and the snake Thinking the sunlight come, stirred, half-awake : Across the terraced levels of the vines, Under the pillared palms, along the lines Of lance-leaved oleanders, scented sweet, Through the pomegranate-gardens sped their feet ; Over the causeway, up the slope, they spring, Breast the steep path, with steps not slackening; Past David's well, past the town-wall they ran, Unto the House of Chimham, to the Khân, Where mark them peering in, the posts between, Questioning-all out of breath-if birth hath been This night, in any guest-room, high or low? The drowsy porter at the gate saith, "No !"---Shooting the bars; while the packed camels shake Their bells to listen, and the sleepers wake, And to their feet the ponderous steers slow rise, Lifting from trampled fodder large mild eyes ;---

"Nay! Brothers! no such thing! yet there is gone Yonder, one nigh her time, a gentle one! With him that seemed her spouse—of Galilee; They toiled at sundown to our doors—but, see! No nook was here! Seek at the cave instead; We shook some barley-straw to make their bed."

Then to the cave they wended, and there spied That which was more, if truth be testified, Than all the pomp seen thro' proud Herod's porch Ablaze with brass, and silk, and scented torch, High on Beth-Haccarem ; more to behold, If men had known, than all the glory told Of splendid Cæsar in his marbled home On the white Isle ; or audience-hall at Rome With trembling princes thronged. A clay lamp swings

By twisted camel-cords, from blackened rings, Shewing with flickering gleams, a Child new-born Wrapped in a cloth, laid where the beasts, at morn

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Will champ their bean-straw: in the lamp-ray dim A fresh-made Mother by Him, fostering Him With face and mien to worship, speaking nought; Close at hand Joseph, and the ass, hath brought That precious two-fold burden to the gate; With goats, sheep, oxen, driven to shelter late: No mightier sight! Yet all sufficeth it— If we will deem things be beyond our wit— To prove Heaven's music true, and show Heaven's

way,

How, not by famous Kings, nor with array Of brazen letters on the boastful stone, But "by the mouth of babes," quiet, alone, Little beginnings planning for large ends, With other purpose than fond Man attends, Wisdom and Love, in secret fellowship Guide our World's wandering with a finger-tip ; And how, that night, as these did darkly see, They sealed the first scrolls of Earth's history, And opened what shall run till Death be dead. Which babe they reverenced, bending low the head, First of all worshippers; and told the things Done in the plain, and played on Angel's strings. Then those around wondered and worshipped, too, And Mary heard—but wondered not—anew Hiding this in her heart, the heart which beat With blood of Jesus Christ, holy and sweet.

Also, not marvelling, albeit they heard, Stood certain by—those three swart ones—appeared From climes unknown ; yet, surely, on high quest Of what that star proclaimed, bright on the breast First of the Ram, afterwards glittering thence Into the watery Trigon, where, intense, It lit the Crab, and burned the Fishes pale. Three Signiors, owning many a costly bale ; Three travelled Masters, by their bearing Lords Of lands and slaves. The Indian silk affords, With many a folded braid of white and gold, Shade to their brows ; rich goat-hair shawls did fold AT BETHLEHEM.

Their gowns of flow'r'd white muslin, midway tied; And ruby, turkis, emerald—stones of pride—

Blazed on their thumb-rings; and a pearl gleamed white

In every ear; and silver belts, clasped tight,

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- Held ink-box, reeds, and knives, in scabbards gemmed;
- Curled shoes of goat-skin dyed, with seed-pearls hemmed,
- Shod their brown feet; hair shorn; lids low, to think—

Eyes deep and wistful, as of those who drink Waters of hidden wisdom, night and day, And live twain lives, conforming as they may, In diligence, and due observances To ways of men; yet, not at one with these; But ever straining past the things that seem To That which Is—the Truth behind the Dream. Three princely wanderers of the Asian blood Perchance, by Indus dwellers; or some flood, That feeds her from Himâla's icy dome; Or, haply, to those Syrian palm-trees come From Gunga's banks, or mounts of Malabar Which lift the Deccan to its sun, and far— Rampart-like—fringe the blue Arabian Sea. True followers of the Buddh they seemed to be, The better arm and shoulder showing bare With each; and on the neck of each, draped fair A scarf of saffron, patched; and, 'twixt the eyes, In saffron stamped, the Name of mysteries OM; and the Swastika, with secrets rife How Man may 'scape the dire deceits of Life.

These Three stood by, as who would entrance make; And heard the Shepherd's tale; and, hearing, spake Strange Indian words one to another; then sent Command. Their serving-men, obedient, Cast loose from off the camels, kneeling nigh, Nettings and mats, and made the fastenings fly From belly-band, and crupper-rope, and tail;

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And broke the knots, and let each dusty bale Slide from the saddle-horns, and give to see Long-hoarded treasure of great jewellery, And fragrant secrets of the Indian grove, And splendors of the Indian looms, inwove With gold and silver flowers : "for, now" said

they

"Our eyes have seen this thing sought day by day; By the all-conscious, silent sky well-known, And, specially, of yon white star fore-shown Which, bursting magically on the sight, Beckoned us from our homes, shining aright, The silver beacon to this holy hill : Mark if it sparkles not, aware and still, Over the place? The astral houses, see ! Spake truth : Our feet were guided faithfully. 'Tis the Star-Child, who was to rise, and wear A crown than Suleiman's more royal and rare, 'King of the Jews!' Grant an approach to us Who crave to worship Him."

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Now, it fell thus That these first to Jerusalem had passed, And sojourned there, observing feast and fast In the thronged city; oft of townsmen seen In market and bazaar; and, by their mien Noted for lordliest of all strangers there, Much whispered of, in sooth, as who saw clear Shadows of times to come, and secrets bright Writ in the jewelled cypher of the Night. So that the voice of this to Herod went Feastful and fearful; ever ill-content Mid plots and perils; girt with singing boys, And dancing girls of Tyre, and armored noise Of Cæsar's legionaries. Long and near, In audience hall, each dusky wayfarer Questioned he of their knowledge, and the Star, What message flashed it? Whether near or far Would rise this portent of a Babe to reign King of the Jews, and bring a crown again To weeping Zion, and cast forth from them

AT BETHLEHEM.

The Roman scourge? And if at Bethlehem, As, with one voice, priests, elders, scribes aver, Then, let them thither wend, and spy the stir, And find this Babe, and come anew to him, Declaring where the Wonder. "Twas his whim" Quotha "to be of fashion with the stars, (Weary, like them, of gazing upon wars) To shine upon this suckling, bending knee Save unto Cæsar uncrooked latterly."

Thence came it Those Three stood at entering Before the door; and their rich gifts did bring, Red gold from the Indian rocks, cunningly beat To plate and chalice, with old fables sweet Of Buddh's Compassion, and dark Mara's Powers Round the brims glittering; and a riot of flowers Done on the gold, with gold script to proclaim The Noble Truths, and Threefold mystic Name OM, and the Swastika, and how Man wins Blessed Nirvana's rest, being quit of sins, And, day and night, reciting, "Oh, the Gem ! Upon the Lotus! Oh the Lotus-stem !" Also, more precious than much gold, they poured Rare spices forth, unknitting cord on cord ; And, one by one, unwinding cloths, as though The merchantmen had sought to shut in so The breath of those distillings : in such kind As when Nile's black embalming slaves would bind Sindon o'er sindon, cere-cloth, cinglets, bands Roll after roll, on head, breast, feet, and hands, Round some dead King, whose cold and withered

palm

Had dropped the sceptre; drenched with musk and balm,

And natron, and what keeps from perishing; So they might save—after long wandering— The body for the spirit, and hold fast Life's likeness, till the dead man lived at last. Thus, from their coats involved of leaves and silk, Slowly they freed the odorous thorn-tree's milk, The grey myrrh, and the cassia, and the spice, Filling the wind with frankincense past price, With hearts of blossoms from a hundred glens And essence of a thousand Rose-gardens, Till the Night's gloom like a royal curtain hung Jewelled with stars, and rich with fragrance flung Athwart the arch ; and, in the cavern there The air around was as the breathing-air Of a Queen's chamber, when she comes to bed, And all that glad Earth owns gives goodlihead.

Witness them entering,—these Three from afar— Who knew the skies, and had the strange white Star, To light their nightly lamp, thro' deserts wide Of Bactria, and the Persic wastes, and tide Of Tigris and Euphrates ; past the snow Of Ararat, and where the sand-winds blow O'er Iturœa ; and the crimson peaks Of Moab, and the fierce, bright, barren reeks From Asphaltîties ; to this hill—to thee

Bethlehem-Ephrata! Witness these Three Gaze, hand in hand, with faces grave and mild, Where, 'mid the gear and goats, Mother and Child Make state and splendor for their eyes. Then, lay Each stranger on the earth, in the Indian way, Paying the "eight prostrations;" and was heard Saving softly, in the Indian tongue, that word Wherewith a Prince is honored. Humbly ran, On this, the people of their caravan And fetch the gold, and-laid on gold-the spice, Frankincense, myrrh: and next, with reverence nice, Foreheads in dust, they spread the precious things At Mary's feet, and worship Him who clings To Mary's bosom drinking soft life so Who shall be Life and Light to all below. "For, now we see," say they, departing : "plain The Star's word comes to pass! The Buddh again Appeareth, or some Bôddhisat of might Arising for the West, who shall set right, And serve and reconcile; and, maybe, teach

AT BETHLEHEM.

Knowledge to those who know. We, Brothers, each, Have heard yon shepherds babbling : if the sky Speaketh with such, Heaven's mercy is drawn nigh ! Well did we counsel, journeying to this place ! Yon hour-old Babe, milking that breast of grace, The World will praise and worship, well-content."

Then, fearing Herod, to their homes they went Musing along the road. But he alway Angered and troubled, bade his soldiers slay Whatever man-child sucked in Bethlehem. Lord ! had'st Thou been all God, as pleaseth them Who poorly see Thy Godlike Self, and take True glory from Thee for false glory's sake : Co-equal Power, as these—too bold—blaspheme, Ruler of what Thou camest to redeem ; Not Babe Divine, feeling with touch of silk For fountains of a mortal Mother's milk With sweet mouth buried in the warm feast thus, And dear heart growing great to beat for us, And soft feet waiting till the way was spread Whereby what was true God in Thee should tread Triumphant over woe and death to bliss,— Thou, from Thy cradle would'st have stayed in this Those butchers ! With one Angel's swift decree, Out of the silver Cohorts lackeying Thee, Thou had'st thrust down the bitter Prince who killed Thine innocents ! Would'st Thou not ? Wast not willed ?

Alas! "Peace and Good-will" in agony Found first fruits! Rama heard that woeful cry Of Rachel weeping for the children; lone, Uncomforted, because her babes are gone. Herod the King! hast thou heard Rachel's wail Where restitution is? Did aught avail Somewhere? at last? past life? after long stress Of heavy shame to bring forgetfulness? If such grace be, no hopeless sin is wrought; Thy bloody blade missed what its vile edge sought; Mother, and Child, and Joseph—safe from thee—

AT BETHLEHEM.

Journey to Egypt, while the Eastern Three Wind homewards, lightened of their spice and gold; And those great days, that were to be, unfold In the fair fields beside the shining Sea Which rolls, 'mid palms and rocks, in Galilee; As I—if I have grace—hereafter sing, Telling the dream which came about this thing, What time, with reverent feet, I wandered there Treading Christ's ground, and breathing Christ's sweet air.

JBook 1.

MARY MAGDALENE.

CLEAR silver water in a cup of gold, Under the sunlit steeps of Gadara, It shines—His Lake—the sea of Chinnereth— The waves He loved, the waves that kissed His feet So many blessed days. Oh, happy waves ! Oh, little, silver, happy sea, far-famed, Under the sunlit steeps of Gadara !

Fair is the scene still, tho' the grace is gone Of those great times when nine white cities dipped Their walls into its brink, and steel-shod keels Of Roman galleys ground its sparkling sands; 55 And Herod's painted pinnaces, ablaze With lamps, and brazen shields and spangled slaves, Came and went lordly at Tiberias; And merchant-ships of Ghôr, and fisher-boats, From green Bethsaida and Chorazin drove Pearl-furrows in the sapphire of its sleep : And, by its beach,-where the cranes wade mid-leg, And long reeds lisp; and milky ripples roll The purple-banded shells; and wind-fall'n flowers Of date and oleander dye the rim Of blown foam rosy-wended by, league-long, The caravans of Egypt, treasure-stuffed, To proud Damascus, or thronged Sepphoris, Or Accho's quays. Or, Cæsar's spearmen rode Terrible with the eagles, bringing news Of life and death from Rome. Or strode austere, Contemptuous, flaunting phylacteries, The Pharisee and Scribe. Or, noise of slaves Sweating beneath the litter's gilded poles, Told where there passed some languid Palace dame

Fresh from the bath; or prætor, girt with rods: Or there went by, upon its rocky brim, The high-capped Median bringing stallions in, The Indian traders with the spice and silk, The negro-men from Cush, and Elamites, And Red-sea sailors ; and from shores of Nile The blue-gowned swart Egyptian; for they filled From all Earth's regions, in those bygone days, The path-ways by its waters !---frequent feet Of Tyrian traders, and dark Desert-men Rocking upon their camels, with wild eyes Glittering like lance-points; and Sidonians, Syrians and Greeks and Jews; a motley world Treading th' enameled borders, where the vines Ran clustering, and the almond's crimson snow Rained upon crocus, lily, and cyclamen At feet of feathery palms, and tamarisks Alive with doves and steel-bright halcyons. And green and rich rose then the terraced fields This coast and that; and loud the water-wheels

Poured the cool crystal of the stream and lake Over a thousand gardens; and an air Fresher than now—with breath of moistened

growths—

Pomegranate, citron, fig—tempered the heats Blown from the wilderness; and, more than now, Beauteous the mountains soared, with girdling

woods,

Homesteads and villages, and melon-fields Hanging between the rocks, and side by side, Temples of Jove and Pan, with synagogues Of Israel's Jah. But, opening then, as now, To let swift Jordan stay his eager flood Under their sunny peaks, foregoing there The speed he took from Hermon; glad to spread Broadened to lake, fringed with wild figs and flags, Peopled with pelicans and fish; and fain A little to forget how he must glide From river into bitter, barren mere, Must pass, from waving willows, and cold nooks

MARY MAGDALENE.

Of water-lilies, to lie salt and dead, Sucked by the Sun, under hot Edom's crags, In that red hollow of the Sea of Lot.

Now all is changed—all save the changeless things— The mountains, and the waters, and the sky-These, as He saw them, have their glory yet At sunrise, and at sunset; and when noon Burns the blue vault into a cope of gold. And ofttimes, in the Syrian Spring, steals back Well-nigh the ancient beauty to those coasts Where Christ's feet trod. That lily which He loved And praised for splendor passing Solomon's-The scarlet martagon-decks herself still, Mindful of His high words, in red and gold, To meet the step of Summer. Cyclamens Lift their pale heads to see if He will pass; And Amaryllis and white hyacinths Pour from their pearly vases spikenard forth, Lest He should come unhonored. In His paths

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Still, as of old, the lowly crocus spreads A golden carpet for Him; and the birds-Small almoners of Heaven-as once He said-Who fall not unregarded-trill their hymns Of lively love and thanks in every thorn. Only what Man could do, Man hath well done To blot with blood and tears His track divine, To sweep His holy footsteps from His earth. In steel and gold, splendid and strong and fierce, Host after host under that Mount has marched Where He sate saying : "Blessed the peace makers!" In rage and hatred host with host has clashed There where He taught "Love ye your enemies!" Banners which bore His cross, have mocked His cross. Scattering His land with slain; till now, at last, Truly the sword, not peace, is what He brought! For love of Him nation hates nation so That at His shrine the watchful Islamite Guards Christian throats! Dead lie His once fair fields;

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Barren the fallows where His sower sowed : None reaps the silver harvests of His sea; None in the wheat-row roots the ill tares out. The hungry land gasps empty in the glare; The vulture's self goes famished ; the wolf prowls Fasting, amid the broken stones which built The cities of His sojourn. Wild birds nest Where revels once were loudest. All are gone Save for those names never to pass away, Capernaum, Bethsaida, Magdala,---The nine white towns that sate beside His Lake. Vanished the stately stoas, lofty fanes; Vanished the walls, the towers, the citadels Titus and Omar wrought fair Palestine No hurt like His who gave her hallowed ground The fatal benediction of His feet! Love's house is desolate for love of Love ! The waters glass no sail; the ways have shrunk Into a camel-path; the centuries With flood and blast have torn the terrace bare

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Where the fox littered in the grapes. Ask not Which was His city 'mid this ruined life ! None surely knoweth of Capernaum Whether 'twas here, or there. Perchance He dwelt Longest and latest at this nameless mound Where, on the broken column, nests the stork ; Where knot-grass with its spikes, and bitter balls Of trailing colocynth, and nebbuk-thorns Bind as they will the marble wreck, and weave Shelter for shy jerboas, and the snake. So still, so far away, so quite forsook His city's burial-place, the painted grouse Lays her eggs there in carved acanthus-leaves And crickets chirp where Cæsar's year is writ ! Yon Arab, with the matchlock and the spear, Glancing askance-for Afreets haunt the spot-Murmurs ; "Peace be to you! this is Tell-Hûm!"

Desolate most of all, with one starved palm And huddle of sad squalid hovels, thou El-Mejdel ! burned a-dry beneath black crags ;

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Choked with thick sand, comfortless, poor, despised, Who stretched beforetimes to the adjacent Lake Proud fortress-arms, and—Lady of the plain— Holding the keys of glad Gennesaret, Took tribute of all passers. Vainly praised For thy strong Tower,—soaring so high, now laid Lost in the dust—yet wert thou marked to live, Stamped for immortal memory by one Name, Hers who "loved much," and had her home in thee, Mary of Magdala.

"There 'twas I saw,

Or seemed to see, that night in Palestine, Lodging in Mejdel, what is written now; Lodging at Mejdel on a night of balm When all the stars on high had sister-stars Mirrored in Galilee's dark purple tide; And the land lay a-dream it lived again; And all the past rolled back, and out of Heaven Almost the fancy dared to hear that song: THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

PEACE BEGINNING TO BE,

DEEP AS THE SLEEP OF THE SEA

WHEN THE STARS THEIR STILL GLEAMS GLASS

IN ITS BLUE TRANQUILLITY:

HEARTS OF ALL UPON EARTH

FROM THE FIRST TO THE SECOND BIRTH

TO REST AS THE WILD WATERS REST

WITH COLORS OF HEAVEN ON THEIR BREAST.

LOVE WHICH IS SUNLIGHT OF PEACE

AGE BY AGE TO INCREASE,

TILL ANGER AND HATE ARE DEAD,

AND SORROW AND DEATH SHALL CEASE :

"PEACE ON EARTH AND GOOD-WILL !" Souls that are gentle and still Hear the first music of this

FAR OFF INFINITE BLISS !



The third Spring after Jesus Christ had passed; In the fifth moon, when Galilee is green, And the palm shakes fresh feathers to the wind, Came through the gates of Magdala, at eve, Spearmen and swordsmen, and, on armored steeds, The Roman Knights, and lictors with their rods; The train of Pontius Pilate, moving north To answer, before Cæsar, wrongs alleged In rescript of the Lord Vitellius, Legate of Syria. On Gerîzim's height Grievously had he broke Samaria, Chastising well, at first, rebellious folk; But in his after wrath,--it was put forth-He wronged the clemency of Rome, and wrought Treason to Cæsar. "Therefore must he go To meet at throne-steps of Tiberius Those his accusers "---wrote Vitellius : Thus 'twas the Procurator wended north.

And, because by the margin of the Lake

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

The wind swept cold, th' Imperial Relegate Would that night, with his wife, lie in the walls. Thereat rose question where in Magdala Meet room was for a Roman Consular Of the high Samnite race of Telesine, Judæa's Governor, thro' ten strong years, And, may be, yet to rule all Syria If Cæsar purges. Also, for his spouse Procula ; from the Claudian line ; ill-apt To couch patrician limbs in leathern tent,— Reared to the ivory and the gold,—or share Peasant's coarse shelter. And the townsmen said : "One house we have where this great Lord might lie,

Between the walls of Magdala—might halt Well-honored. 'Tis the Lady Miriam's Who dwelleth yonder by the north Sea-gate, That stone Khân, with the carved door and the palms. Many fair chambers, and a garden-court With marbles paved and falling waters 'freshed

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And cedar-work from Tyre, and well-girt slaves, The Roman there shall find."

So it befell

That Pilate lodged with Mary Magdalene.

And there were those who heard what Pilate spake Upon the leewân leaning sad that night, Unlulled by lute, or Syrian dance, or plash Of fountains tinkling on the painted stones. For sleep came not ; and she, beside him, said— Claudia Procula— "My Lord doeth ill To keep sick vigil, when soft beds are spread, And guards are set, and even Galilee Lends so fair shelter that henceforth in Rome We shall think gentlier of th' injurious land." "In Rome? ah Rome!" stern Pontius cried : "but Rome

Held not my thought, great Claudia ! nor these hogs We herded with our spear-points, pricking them

Time after time to grunt. Cæsar is just, And Cæsar will not judge me heedlessly-Friend of Sejanus, and for ten years, here, Keeping the heel of Rome on Herod's neck-At word of vile Samaritans. But I All day long, as we rode out from the plain Of Esdraëlon-from Samaria To Nazareth, and threading Nazareth, With horse and foot and litters, clattered on Under the horns of Hattin, and so down, Through that dark-shadowed Valley of the Dove, To this green hollow where the Jordan gains Peace for a day before he hastens on To foam and fret and die-as rivers die, And men die-helplessly; I had in mind The Man I did adjudge unrighteously. Know'st thou, fair wife ! that was his dwelling-place. The poor, white, clustered town amid the hills Where we clomb up from Kishon, and you saw The hoopooes run in the rye-Solomon's birds,

Which knew the Name of God !- Would I had known On that ill day at the Prætorium ! By Pan! I tell thee all the way he came, The pale, sweet Man; the Man that was 'the King,' And did adjudge us, his judiciaries. I saw him at Gerîzim, where I smote Those dogs of Sychar-very pitiful Marking the blood. And, then, as if he paced Effortless over bare Gilboa, 'twas he Gazed at me at Megiddo, and Jezreel; And Shunem and Chesulloth, always pale, Always with that high look of godlike calm, Those eyes of far perception—those mild eyes I saw that Morn in the Prætorium. Accursed morn !---more in my thoughts than Rome ! When Sanhedrists and Priests, with Caiaphas To lead the learned rabble, broke my sleep, And brought, that I should doom him, that one man Whom, of all Jews, I hated not, nor scorned. And when I asked 'What accusation

Have ye against this one?' and bade them judge According to their law (which-under Rome-Held no more power to kill), they, wanting blood, Must have me hear how he perverted minds, Decried our tax, would pull the Temple down, And make himself a King. 'Sooth ! to make Kings, And unmake, was for Cæsar's self alone ; Wherefore, to keep unbroke our Roman peace, And yet to spare this man, I led him in Away from those that clamored, to my hall, Thinking to clear him, when his trembling lips, Inside the Agrippeum, gave me ground To make it good at Rome, and guard the peace, Yet choke those hounds from their most innocent prey But, as I questioned him upon these things, And asked : 'Art thou indeed King of the Jews?' Lo! he, with such a mien as one should have Wearing the purple, spake full royally, 'Aye! as thou sayest, a King!' and no word more! Still I went on : 'Speakest thou nought to me

Whose nod can send thee hence to live or die? Art thou King of the Jews?' And the man said, 'Yea! King! yet not of any earthly realm: To this end was I born, and therefore came King of all Kings, because I witness Truth.' Then asked I: 'What is Truth?' He answered nought;

Or I was wroth, and hearkened not : hot scorn Shook me to hear that horde of circumcised Howling for blood outside my Palace-gates. So, yet anew, thinking to stay their lust With some ignoble gobbet, I came forth And from my Bêma spake : 'Ye have the right Now, at your Passover, that I release Some one condemned : See ! I set this man free ; And give for your good sport another prey Also called Jesus—Jesus Bar Rabban !' The vile herd shouted : 'Set us free the thief !'"

And Claudia moaned : "I, too, remember well !

I saw Him from my lattice, and His eyes Burned themselves on my heart. Truly a King Of Truth—if anywhere such kingdom be !" "By Hercules !" The Roman yet went on— "I would that I had hearkened, asking that Which none hath answered, not the Samian ; Nor he of Citium ; nor the oracles ; Nor any augur out of any bird ; Nor the high Flamens, nor dread Jove himself. Who knows whence gleamed the fire of those strange

eyes

Which had no fear, nor any bitterness, But seemed to look beyond us, glad to die? They drove me forth again, angry and sick, Crying: 'I find no fault in him, at all!'"

And Claudia sighed : "There was no fault, at all !"

"Thence sent I him to Antipas. That fox Worried with claws of spite my patient one,

But would not bite. So came he back to me : And—sitting there upon the Gabbatha, With Rome and Justice by-I might have saved ! What was for me to fear ! Thrice before that,-Once, when I brought the silver eagles in, Though all Jerusalem yelled at my gates; Once, when I spent those pious shekels, stored In their most holy treasury, to fetch Fair water from the Pools of Solomon, That they might drink clean swill; and once again, When I hung up, in the Herodeum, The gilded shields of Cæsar; I did set These Jewish swine at nought. But then, oh, then ! I faltered, paltered, yielded; Claudia! yea, I played worse traitor to my Roman soul Than aught e'er done to Cæsar. I, who read That daybreak, on my scroll, how Socrates-In the sweet Greek-with lofty scorn of life-Condemned th' Athenian Judges to live on, And took, triumphant, from their guilty lips,

Gift of his hemlock ! Oh, thou great, grave face! That journey'dst with me all this mindful day, Amid thy watching hills of Galilee ; Why did'st thou not reply ? I might have saved ! Why would'st thou not reply ? I would have saved ! Moreover, Wife ! did'st thou not send to me— Me, whom my Father told of Julius, And how he bled, and how Calphurnia dreamed— That message of thy vision, saying, 'Lord ! Deal thou in nothing with that innocent one, For I have suffered much in sleep this night Because of him ?'"

And Claudia answered : "Aye ! I sent thee word : for, in the morning watch, When dreams glide truest thro' sleep's gate of horn, There came upon mine eyes, in slumber sealed, Shadow or semblance of the fairest form, Presence most sweet and most majestical, Seen amongst men. Nay, not of men it seemed,

For white Apollo, in our atrium, Wrought of the Thracian marble, was to this-The high gods pardon ! —but a satyr ! Blood Crimsoned his brow in beaded drops, from where A crown of thorns pricked deep; and bloody holes Marked either opened palm, and either foot; Yet, by the exceeding gladness of His face, By His assured, benign serenity, These were, I knew, to some royal rights He had But as imperial purple. Ah, the ray Shed from those gentle eyes flushed my stilled soul With such a glow of glory, such delight Of sudden seeing, as if I had been An Apennine, touched singly by the Sun, Dyed rose-red by some earliest shaft of Dawn, While all the other peaks were dark, and slept. But soon my greatness faded ; while I stretched Eager quick hands of worship unto Him, And fell upon my knees, for love, and fear, And reverence, and wonder; lo! He spake

Solemnly, and in accent known, it seemed, More to my heart than ear; not in our tongue, Nor any tongue, except what stars, and seas, And the low voice of Night will sometimes use; Saving full mildly-or He seemed to say:-'This morn, thy Lord-if Heaven's way changeth not-Will wrongfully adjudge Me unto death Who am the Lover of Men, of him, thee, all, And come to be Beginning of a Time When Peace shall reign and men see angels near. And perfect Love shall cast out Fear, which hath The torment. But, not knowing well of this, They, of whose blood I am, will spill my blood : And he, if this dream help not, shall abet Delivering Me to die upon the Cross For policy and Cæsar's Roman peace. Whence, for all flesh deliverance, and the Light; But for thee tears and woe, and for thy Lord The burden of a shame sinking his soul; The burden of a name, intolerable,

Accurst thro' all the Ages, hated, scorned, Long after I forgive and comfort him. Wake from thy sleep, then; bid him list to thee Saying what I have said!'"

"So, with a start,

I brake the bonds of slumber, and I heard,— In place of that sweet voice, majestic, calm, Making my terror tender—angry roars As if of hungered beasts ; men who cried out 'Crucify this one ; free us Bar-Rabban !' And, drawing nigh my latticed window, saw Oh, Jove ! Him of my Vision, passing down Godlike, but not yet crowned with cruel thorns, Nor pierced in hand or foot. What should it mean ? Was that—the Syrian with those searching eyes— My Warner in the dream ? Trembling to see, I snatched my tablets, drove the point i' the wax Hasteful, as thou didst note ; and wrote the word. Eheu ! Thou would'st not heed !"

And Pontius bent

His proud brows down, and muttered : "On my heart

Thy stylus pricked—but vainly ! Cæsar's wrath Were but the idle wind which stirs my hair If I had only back that Man, that hour ! Forever and forever have they passed ; And now, and yesterday, and all my days Something which is not shame, and is not grief, Nor womanish tenderness at blood and death— Being soldier as I am not apt to melt— Nor penitence, strange to my Stoic mind Which knows what hath been, must be ;—but the

pang

Of a strong spirit that betrayed itself; Rage for the act reflection pardons not; The sting of playing slave to Destiny, Bite at my soul more sharp than fangs of those; Whisper, as though to mock me from myself, Mine own past words, the words I flung at them'That which is writ, is writ!' Thou wottest what fell:

The Patient One who came to witness Truth,

To rule without a throne-without, just gods!

The Purple, or the Eagles, or the Spears-

Stood on my Paved Way, with their Cut-throat, there,

Side by side, nowise blenching; while they picked
A life to grace their festival. Thou knowest
They chose Bar-Rabban. Thereupon I asked
'What will ye that I do with this your King?'
They howled 'the Cross! the Cross!' and I let go
Their leash; and He was scourged, and mocked, and decked,

With that sharp crown thou sawest—gemmed with blood,

As I do sadly mind—and o'er his back Some evil-witted Hebrew flung, in spite A red paludamentum—laticlave To robe his sovereignty. Yet, even thus,— Sick at the midriff with my wrath—I stood! Something I risked to save myself and Him.

'Twas while they clamored: 'Give the Man for death!

'Tis due! He made himself a Son of God!' Was 't, then, Apollo, masqueing here below? Or some Olympian? great Latona's son At play-games 'midst us? and we scourging Him That should have reared the altars? On such thought Fain had I learned from those unlying lips What it might mean; and drew Him in again To private speech, and questioned: 'whence art

thou ?'

No answer did he deign, till I had stormed : 'Answerest me nought, who have the power of thee ?' High Jove ! but then He answered, stripping me, With sweet commanding scorn, of pride and might, And making me and Cæsar, and our whips, Blind bondsmen to some dread decree He knew Driving us, like the Moon which drags the tides,

Helplessly up and down the beach of things. 'Thou hast' quoth He 'no power of me at all Except it had been given thee from above; Therefore is thy sin lighter !' See'st thou, Wife? Here was thy Galilæan pitied me! Found for his hangman pleas ! At that fresh speech Stamping Him prætor, me His prisoner, I had more will to ransom; and I spake, Leading Him forth again; 'He is your King!' Harshly they hooted, 'Cæsar is our King ! No King save Cæsar ! If thou let him go Thou art not Cæsar's Friend !' 'Twas there I failed ! They held so much against me; many griefs; The last, that blood I mingled,-over-hot,-With the fools' sacrifice. And, then, at Rome Our Emperor nursed some grudges. Nigh to fall Was great Sejanus; and those Roman streets To see the statues haled to the melting pot, That kitchen wenches might have pans and plates From him that had stood second in our World.

I did not dare ! the knaves my firm soul struck Through that one corselet-joint I could not patch; I did not dare! Me miserum ! I took Water, and washed my hands before the herd, And cried : 'The blame of this just blood be yours !' The rabble answered : 'Yea! on us, on us, And on our children be His blood !' Oh, Dis! Grave those words deep on thy dark muniments, If Hades be, and black assizes sit, That, age by age, yon Hebrew priests may pay Fair share of my accompt! I could not wash My conscience clean! The water, to my eyes, Ran foul and grimy to the golden bowl From each palm, vainly laved. So did He pass To lofty death, and I to life defamed. What can they do, who hate me most, at Rome One little part as deadly as this hurt I wrought against myself?"

And Claudia groaned :

"He passed 'mid many portents—it was told. Folks spake of darkness, earthquakes; in the midst Of their proud Temple—in the Adytum— The veil suddenly rent;—of cries to Heaven Uttered and that way answered. Didst thou hear The talk ran that He had not died at all, Or, dying, glided back to life again; Was seen; ate, drank, walked, talked,—Man among men—

Or if not man (which could not be !) then shape, Larva, or Lemur, or some unnamed Thing, Visible, seeming whatsoe'er Life seems ; And, lastly, 'scaped from sight? Those whom He

left,

A band of honest ones, give stoutly forth He was caught up in clouds, snatched to the Blue, And, day by day, my slave-girls say, this grows,— Making a sect, which hath no dread of Death ; But will spend life and breath and gold and pains To succor any wretch ; because they hold

This 'Christ' did die for him—grows, good my Lord ! Not only here but in the coasts, and Isles; And toucheth Athens, and hath crept to Rome."

"There, too?" broke Pontius, "must I find at Rome,—

Despite the stony tomb, the guards we set, My soldier's word, the spear, stabbed socket-deep,— That face which fills each night with dreams for me? Will He run over-sea whose tireless step Outstrips my swiftest war-horse, mends my stride On every march, pitches my camp with me, Sits with me in my tent, my judgment-hall, My banquet-room, my bed-place? watches me With those great eyes which do not hate nor blast, But send a keen light to my inmost self Where I read : 'This is Pontius, Fortune's slave, For Cæsar's fear.' Sooth ! why should I have played Butcher to Caiaphas ? Note, Claudia ! That blood of Julius, spilt to enfranchise Rome,

Bequeathed Augustus and Tiberius;
And this pure blood, belike, soon in Death's field,
May breed a different crop from peace and ease.
Things fall so wry with earth, sometimes I think
Thy Galilæan erred not; that men's powers
Are lent them out of some Imperium,
Shadowy, majestic, unopposable,
Wronging all wrongers till they render right,
'Stablished behind the Thrones; where Fates pipe blows,

And we must dance the step, or be shoved by. Know any of ye here of any wight Who loved this Nazarene, and followed Him, And cleaves, distraught, to such wild fancy yet That Cross, and spear, and gravestone did not end?"

"Great Sir!" a Syrian handmaid gave reply: "This is the house is called 'Megaddela's,' Named, as some will, from Magdal, where we lie; And others from the braided locks she wore

Who lives House-mistress here ;—the long hair tressed The Harlot's way. They told us, in the town, This Dame,—much honored now for noble works— Was devil-haunted, and the wildest wench Of Galilee, before the Nazarene Tamed her, and taught her ; and she grew His Friend, Closest amid the faithful. Is't thy will We bid her to the Presence?"

Pontius said :

"I might command, for still I bear my seal; Authority sits yet upon my lip; But here and now, I soften. Say to her The Procurator, guest and friend, entreats Speech with this Lady Miriam."

Thus met

She who most loved Him, he who rendered Him To death :—Pontius and Mary. For, anon, -The bar slides backward of the Woman's Court. And, on the stair-way of the leewân, stood One tall, and proud, and fair; albeit past grief Had dimmed the lustre of those large dark eyes Bent upon Pilate. Rich the Jewish blood Glowed through the sun-burnt ivory of her face-Unveiled for salutation-lending show Of color to the thinned uncolored cheek, But leaving pale as pearl-lined ocean shell The full white neck, and where neck rose to breast-The tender margins of the bosom, bound By silver-bordered cymar, crossed ;---and pale As moonlight's heart the low smooth forehead framed, Under the black waved hair; forehead and hair; And eyebrows, bent like the new moon; full lids; Silk lashes, long and curved, shadowing with touch Of softest melancholy that worn place Where the tears gather—all declaring her A Daughter of the Sun, in those climes born Where light and life are larger. Ah, and marked With stamp of those strong passions of the East, Where not more Nature has her pangs and throes,

Than man, cradled upon her burning breast Tender and quick. There are the Dawns of Love Enkindling hearts with instant golden glow Like Morning in the desert ; there Love's Noons Consuming, all-revealing, shadowless; With fiery fervor draining young hearts dry As midday drinks the streams; and there Love's Eves Swift sinking from the fierce fit to the lull, From sun-blaze, by brief dusk, to tranquil stars, And satisfied, still Night. Earthquakes and floods; Withering Simoons, and winds that tear the seas To milky madness, find their counterparts In those own children of the Light, who live And love and hate with pulse at quicker beat. Such heart-storms gone on that high countenance Had writ their passage, but not left her marred. Rather, like some majestic Mount she shewed In Cathay or Japan,¹ whose lofty bulk

¹ The lines ensuing were written at the foot of the famous extinct volcano, Fuji San, near Tokyo, in Japan.

Raged once, all flame; which broke its boundaries, And-torn and red and furious-scattered round Levin, and lava-slime, and barren ash, Blighting what lay below. Then came the hush; And that which was all terrible, grew fair. The Hill of Hell is Crest of Paradise! The cup which on its head steamed scarlet reek And spilled forth fires, wears in the cloudless Blue A silvery rim of snows; the fevered breast Slumbers in comforted, unbroken calm, With placid bands of gilded clouds girt round, And hues of sunrise and of sunset soft On the scorched rocks. Where molten channels ran Streams of sweet mountain crystal babble down Embellishing black glen, and fissured cliff, Deep hollows where sad Winter hides away From Summer, with the snow still in her lap; And shoulders of sharp crags and windy shelves; With laughing light of flowers, and sparkling threads Of the white falling water, and green glades

Where wild birds have their home, and plumy ferns Wave for them, and the iris decks their nests With flutter of her purple velvet flags. And, in the happy plain, that Mountain's foot Stands feared no more, but worshipped, watched, and

praised

For comeliness exceeding, and large gifts Of cooling airs, and shadows cast around, And wandering cloud-banks with their welcome rains Gathered and garnered; fringed with villages And wandering flocks, and vines; and clustering groves

Whose roots, in death and desolation fixed, Make loveliness of loss, and grace of wreck. So did that Lady show a peace and charm, A gracious presence, brought from passions stilled, From tempests of the blood, forever hushed : Fairer, may be, as she stood there, serene, Than in those bygone days, the evil days When Galilee down to its utmost edge,

And all the South, was loud with talk of her Who walked in woven gold and wore her braids— A Queen of Sin—crowning the shameless brow With diadem of tresses, tied with pearls, And set her henna-scented feet on necks Of Greek and Latin lovers.

Now, most meek

The proud, pale, bended face : the folded palms, The knees touching the pavement, as she said : "The Roman Lord, who may command, hath prayed Speech with his servant. She must needs obey, Hostess and subject. I am Miriam !"

"Wottest thou who I am?" asked Pontius.

The flame of those old fires a little leaped; The fair hill shook again with bygone storms One moment, while she murmured : "Time hath been When, with a curse, or by my girdle-knife, The answer of thy handmaid had been given. Now I have grace to say I hate thee not, But pray His peace for thee. Did He not pray 'Father, forgive them?' Yea I know thee well. 'Twas thou didst send my Master to the Cross!" "Hast thou forgiven, who didst love Him so, That which my well-worn soul, careless of blood, Pardons not to itself?" quoth Pontius.

And Mary said : "I could not love Him so, Nor rightly worship Him, nor live to-day— As always I must live—on the dear food Of His true lips, nor trust to go to Him The way He went, if I forgot His word— 'Love ye your enemies.' Remembering that I bear to look upon thee, Roman Lord ! Remembering what we heard Him say at last : 'Forgive them, for they know not what they do.'"

"Nay, but I knew!" quoth Pontius. "Whereunto Prayed thus thy Rabbi? What new God had He?

What God hast thou greater than Jove—to nod, And so undo past deeds which have been done, And—as thou sayest—'forgive'?"

"That which befalls,"

She gave reply, "befalls not otherwise Than as it hath been willed. He made us know There cometh to the ground no little fowl, No sparrow of the house-top, but its end Was cared for ; and the flowers and lowly grass, Which are to-morrow for the wayside fire, Have raiment fore-provided them to wear Brighter than Solomon's. If not one life Goes anywhere to death, save for good use, And by the over-arching Power allowed, Under vast Law of Love, He—most of all— Died for Love's sake, and was ordained to die, Whom thou didst doom. Yet thou thyself wert doomed

To do Love that sad service, slaying Him

Who could not die, but freeth all from death; For we have seen Him, strong and beautiful, And living on the farther shore of Death. Therefore we hate thee not, but pity thee; And those like thee whose evil prospers good; And pray for thee, since Love alone helps Hate To 'scape the whips that scourge it into Right, And bring it by long penance into peace Unwittingly;—under a greater Name Than what thou namest and thy Romans serve."

"Yea!" Pontius mused: "He spake to me of power

Lent from above, and not from Jove or Rome ! What hindered that I should not use it, then, To have thy peace this night in place of irk ? To taste full greatness of thy feebleness, Not groan with littleness of majesty?"

She answered: "That which hindered was thyself

More feared of Cæsar than of wrongfulness; And that which hindered was thy lust to win Favor of men instead of praise from Heaven, Whose still voice whispered thy vexed will in vain. He spake to us : 'Lay up no treasures here, Where moth and rust corrupt, and thieves do steal, But lay it up in Heaven.'"

Pilate brake in :

"Mehercle! I would give much sesterces To buy that ill time back, albeit, before, Death never spoiled my slumbers! What said'st thou.

That, slaying Him, we could not kill? Thy brow Weareth no band of madness, yet thy speech Sounds rank unreason."

"Have I leave," she asked, "For my great Master's sake, to speak more near?"

" I pray thee very humbly," Pontius said, "To speak as thou shalt deign."

Thereat she rose Stateliest,-and light of living Love and Truth Made fairer her fair face, kindled her eyes To lovelier lustre, while she told the things Which had befallen after Calvary. How, surely, with the sad days ending there New days were dawned and hope unknown to earth How He walked here, the shadow of Him Love, The speech of Him soft Music, and His step A Benediction ; making sick folk whole, The lame to walk, the lepers to go clean, And taking back the dead from Death, by might Of some deep secret which He had from Heaven. Until—at that hard triumph of the Cross, In hour, and way, and by th' appointed hands-He Himself passed, mild and majestical, Through Death's black gate, whose inner side none saw

Before He set it wide, golden and glad, Conqueror for us of the Unconquerable.

Also, along these coasts, what works He wrought--Many most mighty works-and how He taught The nearness of eternal things, the law Of perfect Son-ship; being Son of God By eminence of manhood ; King of Kings By royalty o'erpassing realms and crowns. Also she told beautiful words He spake,-Words of bright mercy and of boundless peace-With wisdom wondrous, clad in simplest speech As scent and silver leaves are shut, and seed. For golden gardens under suns to come, In the unfolded flower-cup. "Which blest buds" Spake she : " shall blossom ever more and more For all flesh living, till the full fruit rounds, And there be 'Peace on Earth-Peace and Goodwill !'"

But many drew into the marbled Court Silently, one by one, hearing those words Fearless and sure, spoke high to Pontius.

For, 'twas as though the Angel's song anew Found echo in our air. And 'mid them came— Leaving his kneeling camel at the gate— A swarthy stranger in the Eastern garb, Girdled and turbaned, as those use who wend In the far toiling caravans of Hind. Reverent and rapt he stood ; and when she ceased, Drew swiftly from his breast a silken roll Tied with a silver thong, and, bending low, Laid this at Mary's foot.

But Pilate leaped

Fierce, from his place ; with visage white and writhed "Call them to horse!" he cried, "for I will ride To Sepphoris, before the sun is high, If spurs can prick ! One other watch spent here Will brand me Nazarene !" Therewith he flung Furiously forth, buckling his Roman sword, And strode down to the margin of the Lake ; While in the street, with sleepy stumbling tread, Spearsmen and slaves slow gathered for the march.

But, over Galilee, the first rays spread— Tender and pearly-of that Dawn who takes No taint of Earth, whereon her white feet walk. The hills of Gadara were ridged with rose, And every wimpling wavelet of the sea Rolled a white edge of silver on the gloom. A blue belt widened ; and the beam, which broke Between the Morning-star and Night's last clouds, Even while it shewed the wind-flower's stainless cup, And the red lily, waiting for her Lord, Gleamed on the greaves of Pilate, gemmed his helm With dancing flecks, and lit his studded shield With soft forgiving splendors. And that breeze Which is the breath of Day, waking the world, Stirred with no gentler waft the innocent plumes Of water-linnets, rousing in the reeds, Than the proud purple of his martial cloak Clasped with the brazen eagles. And he mused, One sandal in the ripples of the Lake, Which did not shun his foot—" Aye, by the Gods !

She spake of this : 'He makes His sun to shine On evil and on good!' Who makes? We held 'Twas young Apollo, driving steeds of gold That made. Not Cæsar, certes ! for whose wrath I sold myself to Rabbi Caiaphas. Yet blows this breeze as tender on my cheek As if 'twere hers of Magdal, who hath sinned And lives the sweetlier ! Yon all-seeing Sun, Hastening above the verge, dips not again To mark me standing in the waves He loved ! Those waves, with wet lips, kiss my wrongful foot, The blind blooms waft me fragrance ! Wherefore

fear?

Why tremble? Yet, a Son of Heaven! a King! Would I had heard His answer! Would I knew What portion mine must prove, if these things grow And Rome should pass, and huge Olympus' self Be emptied of its Gods!"

Thereat He turned

To stride his snorting war-horse; and the Day Broadened in glory over Galilee, Forgetting no man's roof; giv'n out of Heaven Alike to all, to warm and comfort all. And, in the whispering palms, and waving grass, Once more that lovely promise seemed to sound :

HEARTS OF ALL UPON EARTH

From the first to the second birth to rest as the wild waters rest With the colors of heaven on their breast.

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1Book 2.

THE MAGUS.

THE writing of the silken roll was this, In Syriac set fair ; with much soft phrase Of salutation, and high courtesies Precedent ; then she read :

"One nowise meet-

Except for humbleness and gravity— To kiss the latchet of her shoe who walked Closest and dearest of His nearest friends, With Jesus, called the Nazarene, doth pray Speech of the Lady Miriam. He comes, 103

By eight hard moons, from Indus to this Sea In quest of it, last quest of waning life, Seeing thy servant numbereth four score years, Ill apt for journeyings. A slave lays these Before thy feet ; himself, thy slave, awaits, Making the Eight Prostrations."

Hearing that-

Upon the morrow, for his errand's sake, And for his years, and for fair courtesy, She gave good answer, writing how her gates Stood wide for such an one, and she herself His handmaiden.

Thereat, with goodly train

Of serving-men and beasts caparisoned, Camels and riding asses—to her door Came this far-travelled elder; entered in With silvered brows bowed low, and thin worn hands Clasped meekly, palm to palm, before his breastThe Indian way. Upon the pavement there He placed his forehead, and, in soft wise, spake :

"Art thou that Miriam of Magdala Whose name is born to us with Name of Him That was the Teacher here, and wrought great works:

And died at last the death upon the Cross Three spring times back, thyself beholding this?"

And Mary said : "My name with His great Name Was no more worthy to keep company Than the pale fire-fly with the risen Sun ! Yet am I she who in His glorious light Through two years dwelled, and breathed the blessed air

Sweet with His breath, and in these happy ears Took the great music of His wisdom. Sir ! How shall this stead you ? and what purposes Brought thy most honorable feet so far ?" He made reply : "I alone live, of Three

18.

Who, many winters past, came to thy land Led by a strange white Star, burst suddenly New from the spangled purple of the Night : And, while we read the sky, our knowledge grew That this beamed token of a Teacher born Illumining the World, as that great Star Shot its fair splendors far. But, loving Light, And always seeking Light-as taught of Buddh-We journeyed hither from our Indian hills Wending to Bethlehem; and found that Babe Whom thou hast known as Man, divinely signed By praise and portent to be Whom we sought. So, at those little feet were laid our gifts, Worshipping, and we looked upon the face-Tender and pure-of Her that bore the Babe; Then, warned betimes of Herod's dark design, Homeward returned. There while the years went by, Came presently, borne by the caravans, Word of this wonder grown ; and, to our minds, The gold and silk and myrrh of all their bales

Counted but dross to what was wafted us Of loftiest wisdom and large doctrines given To mend the old. But those who came with me Beforetimes, died; desiring to know this; And I myself die soon-which is not feared By such as follow great Lord Buddha's Law; Yet had I will unquenchable to learn The setting of that Star of Men, whose rise My younger eyes beheld. Therefore, once more, Over this weary way my steps have passed, To hear before I die. And, when men said In Magdal, by the Lake of Galilee, She dwelleth, who did love and serve Him most, My face I turned, sweet Lady! to thy gate And, by thy graciousness emboldened now, I make my prayer."

"What prayer?" soft she replied, Lifting, and leading him with tender hand, As daughter doth her sire, to that raised seat Upon the leewân.

Then he said : "Mine ears Hunger to know, what thou canst best impart, The deeds thy Jesus did, the words He spoke, The ways He walked, the manner of His days, And of their close, and what it is they tell, Strange and unheard before, how, after death, He was seen living. Talk of such new things Came to us by the merchants, making trade From ours to yours. One sate upon a Mount Which hangs above thy town ; and heard Him speak Words to a multitude, whose echoes, faint— All so far off—were heavenly, like the musk Which keeps his fragrance through a thousand leagues.

One, selling spices in Jerusalem, Caught, as he lay at Bethany, some waft Of some wight, fetched to breath again, being dead, An 'Eleazar,' townsman of the place :---And yet another, wending from the Sea, Met Him in Tyre, and had it from the mouth

Of a Sidonian woman, how He healed Her child—being distant far—with one strong word. Yet, more than any marvels, would I learn What truths He taught beyond those truths we know Of our Lord Buddha. Such my humble prayer, And hither have I journeyed, hoping this."

The light of larger love than shines for Earth Made beautiful her eyes, while at his knee She bowed ; and kissed his hands ; and reverently Spake : "Surely thou art one He would have praised, Desiring truth ; and He hath bidden us Declare what truth we know. Small wit I have To tell a tenth part of the sweetness poured From those dear lips ; yet, what I saw and heard Gladly shall I recite. Sojourn, I pray, Here, with thy servants, for a space and take Rest from that too long road !"

Thus did it fall

That, day by day for six fair friendly days, The Lady and the Indian Magus sate In gentle converse : Mary nowise loath With Memory's spell to fetch the good hours back When He was near; and that grave Eastern Sage Listening more close, to catch the least of it, Than lover for the last words of the loved. And where they sate the place was suitable For lofty talk. A cool, white, paven court Shut by high walls from noise of the bazaar, With fountains tinkling on the veiny stones, And trickling basins, where the silvery fins Of fishes fanned, and crimson lotus-cups Lolled on the water; and papyrus spread Her filmy fingers; and in painted jars Citron and oleander spread around Delicious odors; and with fearless wing The friendly silken swallow, nest-building, Came and went, lightsome, through the latticed stone, Where rounded arches let the blue sky in

And one might see a topmost palm-branch wave. There, on the soft piled carpets, sadly glad, Told she the Master's story, as I tell.

"What was, in the beginning of these things, Scantly I know by hearing, and such word As, sometimes, from the brothers of my Lord, Or from His Mother, fell. But those not apt Greatly to speak ; since, well-nigh to the end Scant honor found He in His father's House : And She who bore Him—blessed beyond all Of mortal mothers—bore a load besides Of love and fear, wonder and reverence, So heavy on her heart that her still lips Were locked as if an Angel held them close. Only you saw, if Heaven should seek on Earth Fit mother for its Messenger of grace, Fit womb to lock such precious treasure safe,

Those were the eyes,—communing with the skies— That was the face,—tender and true and pure :— There was the breast,—beautiful, sinless, sweet— This was the frame,—majestic, maidenly— And these the soft, strong hands, and those the arms, And those the knees,—bent daily in meek prayer— Whereto the Eternal Love would needs commit The flower of Humankind to bud and blow.

"I, who have been that which He found me, hide My stained cheeks in my hands, speaking of her Who shewed so noble, humble, heavenly, So virginal and motherly ; so fair, The Rose of Women. Sir ! if thou should'st pluck A thousand lilies here in Galilee One would shew whitest silver ; one would have Most gold at heart. And, Sir ! if thou should'st fetch A thousand pearls up from thy Arab Sea One would gleam brightest, best ! The queenliest gem,

The choicest bloom, would happen suddenly; Unlooked for. What hath made them perfect, none Wotteth, no more than where the fount will rise Amid a hundred hollows of the grass Whence the stream starts; no more than which shall

be---

Of cedar-apples shed by myriads When sea-winds shake the groves of Lebanon— The chosen one to shoot, and grow, and spread A roof of dark green glory o'er the hill. In such wise, as I dare to deem, He came Of purest Mother, Perfect Child, begot Divinelier, surely, than we know; arrived In this world,—of His many worlds,—by path Leading to birth as new, as sweet, as strange As what His dear feet opened past the Tomb. If we should strive to say in mortal speech Where He was Man, and why much more than Man.

The earthly words would mar the Heavenly truth.

Love tells it best in her simplicity; And Worship in his deepest silences.

"Thou knowest of the Birth, and how there fell Lauds out of Heaven to hail Him; and high songs Of peace, and comfortable years to come; And of the bitter Prince; the murdered babes, The cry of childless mothers. How they fled-Mary and Joseph-to the Land of Nile, By Hebron and by Ziph, sore-toiling south Over the Brook of Egypt. On their way 'Tis told the palm-trees stooped to give them fruit; That dragons of the deserts slid their scales-Shamed to be deadly-into cleft and den; That robbers, by the road, flung spear and sword Down on the sand, and laid their fierce brows there, Convinced of evil by mere majesty Of Babe and Mother. And dry Roses bloomed Back into beauty, when their garments brushed The Rose-bush; and a way-side sycamore

Beneath whose leaves they rested, moved his boughs From noon till evening with the moving sun To make them shade. And, coming nigh to On, Where stands the house of Ra, its mighty God— Cut in black porphyry, prodigious, feared,— Fell from his seat. But if all this be so I wot not.

"Two years sojourned they by Nile: Then Herod died, and Archelaus ruled Judæa, and Antipas in Galilee; And to the parts of Galilee they came, Home to their city, white-roofed Nazareth."

The Indian said : "I passed by Nazareth, Riding from Esdraëlon that steep path Where your hills open."

"Thou hast thereby seen "— Mary replied,—" the place which was His own

Those thirty years of holy quietude When He was growing to His manhood fair, And the birds knew Him, and the fields, and flowers; But His world knew Him not. For we, and all Went foolish, wondering at Jerusalem, And Rome and Athens; not the little town More great than these by that one lowly hut. And thou hast thereby viewed what face this Earth Morning and eve turned towards Him, shewing Him More love than we, by silent loveliness. Thou saw'st, from His own hill, how Carmel plunged Its broad foot in the tideless, hyacinth Sea, And how, to eastward, glad with groves and streams, Rose Tabor, rounded like a breast ; what leagues Of grey and golden plains, fading to blue, Stretched beyond Kishon, under Endor, Nain, Down to Megiddo, with her two-fold peak, And Gilboa, dry and smooth ; and Sulem's slope ; And, between Sulem and soft Tabor, glimpse Of Jordan's speed, with sunlit ramps beyond

Fencing the Desert. These did feed His eyes; Here was His world, almost the all He saw. The Sun, whose golden mandate well He knew, Shewed Him no more than this, of all His earth; The Stars, watching Him grow a Star, to save, Lighted no larger tract for His mild eyes ; Only that white town and those hills around, Carmel and Tabor, as thou sawest them rise, And here the Lake, and there the shining Sea. Yet from the camel's saddle thou could'st note How fair and gracious was the land, made good With grass and blooms, and clad in fruitful green, Pasture and tilth; and every channel fringed With rosy lanes of oleander sprays; And every hollow thick with oak, and fig, Palm and pomegranate—where the tree-doves coo; The crested hoopoe flits; the roller-bird Lights the dark thicket with his burning blues; The water-tortoise winnows the clear stream: The white cranes watch their shadows in the pool;

The fish leap, red and silver, and the fox Plays with her cubs where lines of trellised vines Climb the grey crags. A goodly land and still, Habited by a people pastoral, Simple and poor; owning for wealth their skies, Their Sea, their streams, and mountains."

"Nay! I saw,"

The Magus said : " with eyes rejoiced, your hills Which follow well the sorrowful burnt rocks Belting Jerusalem."

"Aye ! "-she went on-

"Thither each year, at time of passover, He wended with his parents ; and would see Gannîm and Sichem—where the lowland creeps, Under the uplands, into narrowed green Like lake made river, with those crests for coasts Ebal, Gerîzim ; and by Gibeah And Bethel and the Valley of the Thorns,

To Scopus-to the brow where, white and gold, Under sloped Olivet, the Temple rears Her stately glory. And the child would pass Into the City's midst, and mingle there With Jew and Gentile, in the thronged bazaar; Would mark, above the Sanctuary gate, Herod's great eagle, and the keen steel spears Of Roman Annius, or Coponius, Glitter around the black Prætorium. Would know His time come nigh with Zion's shame, And note the Pharisee and Sadducee, Priest, scribe, and lawyer, feeding hungry souls With husks of law. Nay, and would oft repair Within the Temple; and was one day found Astrayed, sitting amid the Rabbim there-Hillel, and Shammai, and Gamaliel, Ben Zacchai, Ben Uzziel, wise Nakdimon, Arimathæan Joseph-all our best-Hearing and asking questions. Yet none knew, For all their wisdom and their wintry hairs,

"Ever back he came

That fair Boy in the Syrian Country-frock, With heavenly eyes and mouth of music, sent To put aside the ancient scrolls, the Law, The Hagathôth and Halacôth—to break Their chains, and into living spirit melt Their dead cold letter.

Glad—so I deem—to sunlit Galilee ; Not bowing, not consenting, nowise bound To that hard God served in Jerusalem, Jehovah of the Law, the jealous Lord Who 'eye for eye, and tooth for tooth 'decreed, And loved the bloody sacrifice, and wrought Good to his Tribes, but ill to enemies. Day by day, wandering in those folded hills A statelier Temple in His heart He built : A happier altar reared ; a truer God Enshrined ; That Presence and That Power Who

fills

All hearts with what is Life and what is Love, And what endures when seen things pass away; Nameless ; or if, for human needs, we name Then—from the narrow treasury of our tongues— The highest, holiest, dearest, closest, best Of Earth's weak words. Ofttimes, in later hours When lack was of some name, He called that Spirit Which is the All, and makes the wide seas roll, The blue sky bend, the clustered planets shine, The dead things come to life, the live things live ; That Being, Which,—ever with Him, was as He, And, largest, fullest in His own sure soul Dwelt immanent—'Our Father.'"

Softly brake

The Magus in : "Om, Amitaya ! Oh, The Immeasurable !—What word but doeth wrong Clothing the Eternal in the forms of Now ? Our high Lord Buddha would not name Him once, As much—as little,—'Mother,' 'Lover,' 'Friend,' As 'Father !' being not He nor She, nor aught Which may be compassed by an earthly word ; But Thinker, Thought, Maker and Made, in One !"

"My Friend is wise with many years, and lore Of the large East," she said; "if no Name be Will not the weak souls say 'nought is to name?"

"They say so! they will say so!" answered he, "Yet is the Parabrahm unspeakable!"

"Tell me a little how thy Scriptures call This Parabrahm—" she said.

The Indian mused,

And then replied : "We have a scroll which saith 'Worship, but name no name ! blind are those eyes Which deem th' Unmanifested manifest, Not comprehending Me in my True Self. Imperishable, Viewless, undeclared. Hidden behind My magic veil of shows I am not seen at all. Name not My Name !' Also a Verse runs in our Holy Writ : 'Richer than heavenly fruit on Vedas growing ; Greater than gifts ; better than prayer or fast, Such sacred silence is ! Man, this way knowing, Comes to the utmost, perfect Peace at last !'

"Yet pause not, gracious Daughter ! for mine ears Drink with an unslaked thirst thy precious tale."

"'God is a spirit ! they who worship Him In spirit and in truth must worship Him !' He spake that, too !"—Mary went on,—and then : "Thus ligged He—as we gathered—all those years In Nazareth : and Joseph died ; and need Came that He take with all humility, The load of common lives. So in that town Hard by the fountain, in the house I know,— (Oh Me ! I passed with Pappus by its porch ; We in the gilded litters, He at toil !) His trade He plied, a Carpenter, and built Doors, where folks come and go, unto this hour, Not wotting how the hands which wrought their doors

Unbarred Death's gate by Love's high sacrifice ;— Tables whereon folks set their meat, and eat, Heedless of Who was 'Bread of Life ' and gave Such food that whoso eateth hungereth not. And, in those little lanes of Nazareth, Each morn His holy feet would come and go While He bore planks and beams, whose back must bear

The cruel cross. And, then, at evening's fall Resting from labor, with those patient feet Deep in white wood-dust, and the long curled shreds Shorn by His plane,—He would turn innocent eyes Gazing far past the sunset to that world He came from, and must go to; nigh to Him,— Nigh unto us, albeit we see it not, Whereof Life is the curtain, and mute Death

Herald and Door keeper. One eve, they say, The shadow of His outstretched arms—cast strong By sun-down's low-shot light,—painted a Cross Black on the wall; and Mary, trembling, drew Her garment o'er the lattice. But He spake: 'Near unto me is near to loss and death, And far from me is far from Life and gain.' There is a Maid of those that love Him here Sings on the minnîm a poor song of this If thou wilt hear; while those about us bring Olives and grapes, and we a little cease :"

Thereat a Hebrew girl tied back her sleeve, Tuning the strings, and, to their melancholy, Sang softly of "The Shadow and the Light:"

"Meek and sweet in the sun He stands, Drinking the cool of His Syrian skies; Lifting to Heaven toil-wearied hands, Seeing His Father with those pure eyes. "Gazing from trestle and bench and saw To the Kingdom kept for His rule above; Oh, Jesus, Lord ! we see with awe ! Oh, Mary's Son, we look with love !

"We know what message that even-tide Bore, when it painted the Roman cross, And the purples of night-fall prophesied The hyssop to Him, and to us the loss.

"The Crown which the Magi brought to her

It made a Vision of brows that bleed;
 And the censer, with spikenard, and balm, and myrrh,
 It lay on the wall like the Sponge and Reed.

"But now Thou art in the Shadowless Land,

Behind the light of the setting Sun; And the worst is forgotten which Evil planned,

And the best that Love's glory could win, is won!"

"Yet, on His seldom saddened Countenance"-Mary went on-" no shadow lay ! He saw By sunlight and by starlight, steadfastly, That radiance of the Kingdom, that high Noon Of Life and Love, which, shining inwardly, Hath never any night. Therein He dwelt Prince, of the Heavenly Purple; Heir and Son Of spheres eternal and invisible, Where meek souls sit the highest, and the poor Are richest, and the pure in heart are Lords. And ever in the spirit, sage and calm, That which we name not habited, the sense Of an abiding Presence, Fatherly, Motherly, Friend-like, Lover-like; more dear Than dearest ones on earth, more near than blood To the beating heart, or neck-vein to the neck ; More boundless than the immeasurable Blue, More mighty than a thousand-bolted Jove Throned on some new Olympus, whose vast head Smiteth the stars; more sweet to love and serve

Than dulcet-speaking Mistress; more to trust Than truest Friend; more tender than the arms Of nursing Mother; more forgiving, fond, Kindred, and kind, than Father;—yea! Great God Making us Gods and taking us to Him.

"Wherefore, grace spread around Him, and fair peace

Coming and going ; and the air grew glad Whithersoever He would pass ; and gaze Of townsfolk, and of women at the well— Not knowing wherefore,—followed Him ; and tongues Were stilled, not knowing why, if He did speak. For then, already, grew that mystery Of wisdom in Him, and that word which seemed Higher than Earth's. Afterwards, people told Strange tales of those hid days,—how, at His toil, Touching a plank, it stretched to rightful length, Or shortened, at His will—the dead wood quick To live again and serve Him. How He made Birds out of clay, and clapped His hands, and lo ! They chirruped, spread their wings, and flew away ; And how, in month of Adar, Syrian boys Playing in Nazareth,—as thou hast seen— With girdled frocks, striped tunics, and feet bare— Found Him, and crowned Him with white lily-buds, And put a stick of lilies in His hand, And set Him on the hill-side, bending knee In merry worship, and made whoso passed Halt and bow lowly, crying : 'Hither come, Worship our King, then wend upon thy way !'

"Surely, as thus we heard, at Nazareth Full soft and holy sped the happy time In the white hut, hard by that well, where yet Wives come and go with pitchers, dawn and eve, Who came and went with Him; and helped Him draw

Fair water thence, and bear it, dutiful, To where His Mother wrought her household chores

Silent, and wondering what should fall; and doves Sunned on the roof their silver wings, and vines Climbed, glad to glorify His lowly door. Within thou wottest well what little rooms, What chest of wood, gay painted; on a shelf What guilted beds uprolled; what pans and cups-Copper and brass and clay,-ranged duly round With great jar at the back, by flag-leaves shut To keep the water cool. And, when Night fell, Hatchet and saw and nails laid in their places, And the low table spread with peasant's food, Rice and the libbân, and a common bowl. Afterwards, peaceful sleep-yet, had man eyes, Sleep watched by wondering eyes of wakeful stars, And guarded, out of that new-opening Heaven, By glorious Angels, golden sentinels,

Keeping Him safe, whose words shall save the World."

Book 3.

THE ALABASTER BOX.

NEXT morn, upon the marble leewân met— Soft salutations paid, and praise, and thanks— "What hast thou in thy hand," the Indian asked, "Which thou dost gaze upon so fixedly?"

For, sitting with her long hair loosed, and eyes Bent downwards, Mary in her clasped palms held A broken box of alabaster, shards Of some rare casket, cut from satin stone, Where the wrecked beauty of the precious work Yet shone with lovely lustre; milk-white rock Veined rose and gold, and thinned, diaphanous, 131

So that light filtered through its fragments pale, And, past them, the close-clinging fingers shewed.

"Good Friend!"—the Lady Miriam began— "thy Hind

Which hath those rivers with the sands of gold, And hills of lazulite, and fisheries Whence the great pearls are gotten,—could not buy With all its precious store of Orient wealth, The treasure of this broken box from me ! Sweeter than spikenard odors, lingering still On each white remnant of the wondrous toil, Hangs the dear memory of a day more sad, More glad, more proud, more shameful—more to

mourn,

More to rejoice in—than all other days Of all thy handmaid's years. Nay, but my life Rather began when this fair thing found end ! Twas an Egyptian labor, cut with pains From the streaked stone, and wrought, as thou shalt see,

By matchless master-craft, to make a gift For Cæsar ;—since the Emperor owned it first. And next it fell to Rufus, but he gave The beauteous marvel at his banquet board To one that sold it for a hundred slaves ; So came it to Pandera. Did they tell— Sending thee hither—thee so grey and grave— What Miriam once had been ? "

The Indian Sage

Gave gentle answer: "If mine ears have heard Evil of thee, my heart would quite forget, Which hath no room to-day for any thought, Not good and grateful, of my Lady's grace."

"Aye! but "-she sighed-" evil was good for me! I lived, in all this land the boldest, worst, Who braided up her hair the harlot's way. That beauty Nature gave me I abased, Selling it with a loveless heart to win Wealth, and rich raiment, and the knees of men. Oh me! my days splendid and sinful! Earth Emptied her stores to pleasure me; they brought, To buy my smiles, their Tyrian purple webs, Their myrrhine cups, their silks, their sards, their

nard,

Drachmas, and darics, shekels, sesterces; And slaves to fan my sleep, and gilded chairs To bear me to the Temples and the feasts. I, that am still and sane to-day, have led Revels so mad the shamed stars drew the clouds Over their argent faces. Chinnereth Burned with our cressets; and the water-ways Ran to its brink red with our chalice dregs. And Syria groaned and fierce Samaria surged, And wild mobs clamored round the Palace gates While, in these arms, Cæsar's drugged satraps dreamed,

Prætor, and Procurator. Nay! hear all! Not Latins only, no, nor Greeks alone;

Nor Jew, nor Idumœan,— for my name, My golden infamy, grew East and West ; Till Rome and Athens heard, and Tyre and Crete And Cyprus, and the Isles, and Media, Not less than Magdal and Tiberias, Talk of the Miriam of Galilee, The harlot with the long, black, braided hair, Who melted hearts in spiced pomegranate wine— Than Alexandrian Queen more prodigal— And laughed their wealth to want, and trod their pride

Under her 'broidered sandals; and took toll Of goods and gear, wasting in one wild bout The Temple's wealth; 'till, like that rose-faced one Of Memphis, I had reared a pyramid With but one block from each who fawned on me. Sir! such I was, that play thy hostess here With these white shards, which saved me, in my

、 lap.

Reverend and grave thou shew'st: if thy will be

s

Now to depart, hearing these stained lips speak, Thou shalt have praise, not blame, from Miriam."

"Child !" soft he said : "I hail the stately ship Safe from all storms, anchored in quietness ! I hail the fair white hind, flower of these woods, Fled from the wolves of sense, which tore her flesh ! I hail the gentle river, stayed and vexed By crag and ledge, smooth-gliding at the last, 'Mid fruitful fields and dropping blooms, to find Calm consummation in the accepting Sea ! I hail thy heavenly beauty, purged to prove Grace and not plague to men ! Oh, thou that art Thine own high Conqueror, and hast set foot On the Eight Noble Paths, an old man's lips Low at thy hem, praise thee and honor thee ! Yet tell me, Lady ! how the new days came."

"He would have spoken so; so did He speak, So speaking He did heal me!" murmured she;

Then said aloud-" Learn thou that Nazareth Cast forth her glory, flung her star away; Forgot those good years when His fellowship Made her air sweeter and her heavenly sky Diviner, those fair years when all might hear The mallet of 'The Carpenter' at work, While in His holy soul He built the frame Of truth's high kingdom here-fitted the beams Of such a Temple as the Eternal Love Would dwell in. One ill Sabbath, when he came Journeying by Sychar, new from seeing John-John the Fore-runner, who had surely said : 'This is the Christ to be,' He entered in That synagogue thou sawest on the hill : And stood to read.¹ The Chazzân drew the scroll Forth from the silken curtains of its ark, Unrolled the great Megillah to the page Marked for the day, giving Esaias out-

¹ The ground on which this synagogue stood at Nazareth, was, for some time, owned by the Author; with the purpose of establishing a hospital there, which but partially succeeded.

And, from the Prophet, Jesus spoke these words :

'THE SPIRIT OF THE LORD IS UPON ME, BECAUSE HE HATH ANOINTED ME TO PREACH THE GOSPEL TO THE POOR; HE HATH SENT ME TO HEAL THE BROKEN-HEARTED; TO PREACH DELIVERANCE TO THE CAPTIVES, AND RECOVERING OF SIGHT TO THE BLIND; TO SET AT LIBERTY THEM THAT ARE BRUISED, TO PREACH THE ACCEPTABLE YEAR OF THE LORD.'

"This He did read, and spake, in majesty, That which was true, as afterwards all knew, 'I am your promised Prophet, Priest, and King!' Whereat they stormed, brake into bitter wrath, Drave forth their Rabbi with the heavenly face, Had will to kill Him,—being but 'Carpenter' Who made Himself Messiah ;—had fierce mind To fling Him down the steep ; but He passed through, And went His way.

"That was the day we rode Up from Sebastë towards Tiberias, And on my wrist a damning splash of blood From throat of one my angry lover stabbed At mid-feast, in the madness of the wine. 'Twas there, at Kenna, 'mid my thickest sins, Red outwardly with murder; inwardly Black to the heart's core with wild wickedness, Dwelt in by all the seven dark devils of Hell, I saw my Lord ! Oh, first I saw my Lord ! And, sir ! I heard His voice. Was one we knew Steward to Herod (for my revellers Were men of Antipas) who stayed Him there-Bent for Capernaum from Nazareth-Praying swift succor for a dying child, And urging fervently. While we made halt To witness, tenderly the Master turned With look ineffable, and gazed; and spake: 'Go! thy Son liveth!'

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

"Whom I saw-with eyes Which never have forgot, nor will forget Till Heaven's day shews me Him again-was One Of a commanding stature¹—beautiful— Bearing such countenance as whoso gazed Must love, or fear. Wine-color shone His hair Glittering and waved,-an aureole folded down, Its long rays lighted locks,-which fell, and flowed, Fair parted from the middle of His head, After the manner of the Nazarites. Even and clear His forehead; and the face Of dignity surpassing, pure and pale As the Greeks' marble, but flushed frequently With the bright blood of manhood. Nose and mouth Faultless for grace, and full and soft the beard, Forked, of the hazelled color of His hair; The great eyes blue and radiant; mild as sky Of spring-time after rain, yet terrible As lightning leaping sudden from that sky,

² Taken from the letter of Lentulus.

THE ALABASTER BOX.

When He rebuked. In admonition calm;
In tender hours each word like music's soul
Heard past the sound! Not ofttimes seen to smile,
More oft to weep; yet of a lofty cheer
Commonly—nay, of playful raillery,
And swift wit, softened with sweet gravity.
Straight-standing like a palm-tree; hands and limbs
So moulded that the noblest copy them :
Among the sons of Men fairest and first.

"Friend ! shall you think one remnant of myself, One shred of that wild will was Miriam's, One pulse of the quick blood wont to be stirred By passion, and the goodly shapes of men Moved me, when, on the sight of Him, I left My litter, and my Lover, and my Life, And followed in His footsteps? Pray thee, know Mortal desire as well might reach at stars As woman's eye and woman's wish climb up To such far height of starry majesty ;—

By that impassable blue of Holiness Endlessly Separate ! But love ?--- oh, aye ! Swift, strong, supreme, consuming, final love ! With such a worship filled, such reverence, The heart had knees, and bowed; the soul had eyes Which veiled themselves at gaze; the mind had mind To die for Him; the body burned to grow His temple. Heart, soul, body, mind, all His Forever and forever,-at first sight,-In some fair newer World, shown possible At that first sight. And in such world I live From that time, on the road of Galilee, When in my breast the seven dark devils dwelt And round my wrist the blood of Pappus clung : And that old life seems like a feather dropped From free bird's wing-mine, yet no longer mine; And in the air of sweet new life I soar Singing and soaring with the joy He taught.

"Wherefore, I followed to Capernaum,

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THE ALABASTER BOX.

One in His lengthening train-the last and least-Unnoticed; for I cast aside my webs Of Coan, and my torques of Roman gold At Kenna—and put on the mitpachath Rådid and tsaiph, dressed as our peasants use Along the Lake. So did I see Him teach Day after day; and in the synagogue Behind the women's lattice, heard the Law Read to the congregation by such lips As lit its mighty line with meanings new, Like when the Moon swims, full, into the Night, And what was dark grows clear, and what was void Peopled, and, white and straight, the road, regained Winds plain and easy through the illumined land. Also I saw them bring the sick to Him, The maimed and miserable, and wretches torn With plaguing devils-less to dread than mine !--Whom all He healed, comforting them with words Of sovereign power, calming their cries and griefs; As when the Mother's bosom charms to smiles,

Before its tears are dry, an infant's wail.
A woman lay in Simon's house, alight
With fever's fire. I saw Him take her hand,
Quiet the leaping blood, still the hot heart,
And lift her, cool and whole. I heard Him teach,—
Sitting in Simon's boat, moored by those sands
Which fringe Bethsaida—making plain and known
That farther Kingdom, nigh unto us all,
Yea, 'at our very gates.' And when He passed
At night-fall to the Mountain, communing
With Heaven, which loved Him, and His own high soul.

Under the stars—less touched by taint than they !— It was as though another golden Sun Set, from our eyes : till darkness fled again And brought back Dawn, and that diviner light Shed from Him.

"Ah, the Kingdom !---We of old, Being the people of this land, had served----

If service were-that God of Abraham Mild to his own, but smiting enemies, Hewing them hip and thigh, for Israel; That Lord of Moses, awful on the Mount With thunders and red lightnings, and the Law; Seen in the Burning Bush; riding the storm; A jealous, dreadful, distant God. We lived Obeying-if we did obey-for fruit Of earthly goods; or, if in after time, Then, for our children's children. But He taught: And, lo! ourselves to share! Another world Hidden within, without, beyond! He took Terrors away, and shewed us Life for Death. Mercy for Sacrifice, and Love for Law. For that dread JAH, ruling o'er Israel, A Father Universal, marking not Gentile from Jew, or fair from swart, or great From small; but holding all alike; and heard-An ever-present Lover, Lord, and Guide-In conscience and the silence of the breast.

Perfect and pure, and loving love of such; And willing all men such ; but waiting long, Far-suffering, large, compassionate, aware ; Making suns rise on evil and on good, Rains fall on just and unjust. Look ! one word ! And like the walls of Jericho which fell To music, or a sunshine-parted cloud, He burst the bars; he lightly lifted up Earth's painted Veil, and shewed us,-close beyond, Infinite, clear,-eternal life, decreed Not for to-morrow, or hereafter-no !--Already round, and in, and over us, Already ours to enter and possess; Always existing, always nigh; shut off Some little while by sense, which having eyes, Sees not, and hearing, hears not; for some while By body darkened. But He said : 'Fear not Those who can kill the body, and, on that, Have nothing they cap do !' So did we learn, Walking in those dear footsteps, scorn of Death

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Which could not keep its Dead, if he bade yield, But is Life's gate-porter, holding the Keys To larger Worlds and larger : 'many mansions Are in My Father's House !' this would He say With great eyes on the Stars.

"Thus did He bring

Our glad souls daily, by His glorious words, Into the Kingdom of the Spirit. There The sorrowful and shamed are comforted; The humble are exalted; and the meek Inherit good. The pure in heart see God; The merciful find Mercy. Those that wept Dry their glad eyes; the peace-makers have praise; And they who hungered after righteousness With righteousness are filled. No dream! No draught

Of Fancy's frenzied wine-cup; ecstacy Of musing drugged with Faith's fine mandragore! But the words true as daylight; plain and straight The way as paths in meadows ; clear the Voice Calling to airs celestial, as of Morn Bidding with breezy lips the World awake. Surer than any joy the heart can know Bliss of that sudden hour when each for each Knows Heaven so nigh ! Only to let go Earth, To let go, listen, love, and have :—for then The Kingdom came ! Came ! and we did not need To merit, or to seek, or strive, or wait : We needed but to know Him one with God, And we with Him, and then His peace was ours ! We heard Him utter, 'Fear not, little flock ! It is your Father's joy to give to you The Kingdom.'

"Journeying hither did'st thou mark The two-horned hill which overhangs our sea, Hattîn? And how, beneath his nearer peak Spreads a fair upland, rimmed with rounded banks Where nebbuks glisten, and dark junipers,

THE ALABASTER BOX.

Rose-laurels blow, and mallows; and soft grass Carpets with lily-sprinkled green the spot? One day, before the Dawn, thither He went And drew His Twelve with Him, those who should be Close to his counsels. Then He named them His To come and go in all the cities here-Preaching the Kingdom-and beyond ;--and be Beginnings of a new-established State, Greater than States, and governing all States; Which could not have for boundaries the Seas, Mountains or streams, nc1 any border-line By bloody sword-point traced; and should not have Armies nor tributes, treasuries nor crowns. But, overleaping races, realms, and tongues, Thrones, zones, and dominations, lands and seas, Should clasp in one wide confine all those hearts Which seek and love the Light, and hail the Light Shining from secret Heaven, by Him revealed First-born of Heaven, first soul of Human souls That touched the top of Manhood, and-from height

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150 THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

Of Godlike, pure Humanity—reached God. To this end was He sent, for this made known Life beyond death, Love manifest through Law, And God no name, no angry Judge, no 'Jah' But spirit, worshipped in the spirit : one With His sweet spirit, and with ours, through His : Unseen, unspeakable, not to be known By searching : being beyond all sight, speech, search ; But Lord and Lover of all living things, King of the Kingdom !

"And a multitude,

Followed Him to the mountain, gathering By troops and companies, on bank and mead, Heedless of all things save His gracious words, Till all the grass was blotted with great bands Of gladsome people, clad for holiday, Like divers-colored flowers; and, all around, Dark, eager faces of ten thousand folk— Men, women, children,—made a sunlit throng So thick, so talk-full, on the asphodel, The frightened eagles fied their crags;—the snake Slid to his hole; the wolf and panther hid Ashamed of blood. But gentle things of Earth,— The crowned lark, and the dove, and mountain-hare,— 'Ware of some new good word thro' man to them— Listened in thickets. And the Morning donned Amice of summer gold—her loveliest — To meet His holy footsteps on the Hill. And there, from that fair Sinai, with Voice Sweeter than Morning's breath, He gave to us The New Commandments.

"Eight are blest-He taught-

Of that dim Kingdom,—which men thought would march

In worldly pomp, bringing Messiah girt With the Lord's sword, triumphant; his right hand Teaching him terrible things; all Earth to hail Israel, re-throned with scarlet and with gold; The Sea to pour her pearls and corals forth

152 THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

At foot of David's Heir! And, lo! the truth !--The Kingdom came on that soft mountain-slope, Not with the battle-trumpets, not with neigh Of war-horse, flecked with purple-foam, and neck Clothed with the thunder; but by this mild Voice Telling how lowly souls shall be the Lords Of the New Kingdom, and the Sorrowful, The meek, the seekers after righteousness, The merciful, the just, the peace-makers, And they who for their brothers' sake, and Right, Have suffered persecution. Oh, sir! think; In that one mountain morning-at one word-All our world changed ! Poverty rich ! sick hearts Comforted! those who weep to laugh and sing, This earth the Ante-room to neighboring Heaven; Wise souls its salt; pure souls its lamps; set high Like cities upon hills, like candlesticks Lighting the house! 'So let them shine,' He said, 'That men see your good works, and glorify Your Father in the heavens!' Next He did teach

How the quick Spirit makes true living Law, Under the letter: how the unkind thought Hath, knifeless, murdered; how the altar gift Lies vain and hateful when the hand which gives Hath wrought some brother wrong. 'Leave there,'

He said,

'Thy gift before the altar! go thy way, Be reconciled with him; then bring thy gift!' Deep in our midmost He laid bare the seeds Of wrongfulness; bade us wrench root away, Not idly pinch a blossom; since the eye Which lusteth, and the wish that would have wrought The full sin, short of sinning. Therewithal, Grave words of grace for women; marriage-bonds Not to be lightly loosed; nay, and no oath Oft-taken, since Truth's oath is 'Yea' and 'Nay' And all the words spoken go to one great ear. Next, sternly sweet, he snatched the hasty blade From black Revenge; bade vanquish hate by Love: Resist not evil; turn the other cheek

154 THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

To whoso smites; cherish an enemy That, peradventure, he may grow to friend : If not-then, being of our Father's mind Who hath no enemies, but makes His dawns, Each time He makes them, for the good and ill, Giving to graceless ones, till they learn grace; 'Perfect, as He is perfect.' Then, He taught Almsgiving, modesty, simplicity And solitude to praying : spake Himself What we may speak upon our knees, and know Enough is said to that Divinest mind Which saw our needs, and did provide for them Ere the lips stirred. Furthermore, soft he talked Of this world's fleeting treasures 'where the moth And rust corrupt; and thieves break thro' and steal.'

Counted beside true wealth of worthy deeds, Of loving service rendered, and fair days Lived blameless, like to sweet air passing by. Also, for foolish quest of fitful gain,

THE ALABASTER BOX.

For meat, and drink, and raiment, and much heed Of earthly gear, tenderly shamed He us, Pointing with finger at those little birds Perched nigh, or lightly flitting. 'See!' said he, 'Your Father feedeth them, who gather not.' And, therewith, from his foot a scarlet stalk Of martagon He plucked, with wind-flowers,-(Oh, happy blossoms! blown to help him teach)-Bidding us mark how great King Solomon, For all his glory, was not clad like those ; And how, if grass on the lone mountain-side Grows unforgotten, garlanded so rich From Heaven's full almonry; and thrush, and finch, Feed daily from Heaven's hands, it could not be Man should go bare, poorer than fowls of air, Sadder than field-blooms. 'Ye have need of these,' Gently he said : 'and these things shall be given : But seek ye first the Kingdom! seek ye first The treasure of the Kingdom, righteousness ! Other things shall be added.'

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

"Therewithal

He told how we should seek; not thrusting in As if Heaven heard the loudest cry; as though The gateway of the Kingdom must be forced, And a path pushed over the fallen ones : But foremost by Renunciation, first By good-will to be last; by help, not haste; By eagerness not to be saved, but save. 'Judge not, that ye, too, be not judged,' He said, 'For, as ye judge, ye must be judged.' And, then, Proclaimed how none seek vainly : soon or late The seeker finds, the asker hath, the knock Makes the latch lift, whose ever be the hand. 'Else'-tenderly He smiled, and wistful gazed On mothers suckling black-eyed babes, and sires Holding their brown boys high to see and hear,-Halving one barley-crust-'else were you men, Being evil, and so gentle, not the less, To these your children, kinder to bestow Than the Bestower! more to praise than God !'

At this—as who well knew what idle things Children will ask—and men—he drew, in gold, Plain as the Sun's long line across the Lake, Our road to follow: 'WHAT YE WOULD THAT MEN SHOULD DO TO YOU, DO YE LIKEWISE TO THEM ! THE LAW IS THIS. THE PROPHETS THIS !'

"We came

Flocking behind Him, down that Mount's green side, And through the Vale of Doves, past Hattín's peak, Over Bethsaida to Capernaum,

A joyous people, heart-whole with His words; Like sheep knowing their Shepherd, gladly le. To fold from pasture.

"More than all He wrought

Journeying, or in His city, those dear words Uttered upon the Mount, stripped my soul bare, Shewed me myself. Yet He would make us see Power hand in hand with Wisdom and with Love ;

For, next morn, down our silver Mere He sailed To Nain, by Endor; where a rugged road Winds, under Tabor, to the village-gate, By tangled sidra-trees, and sepulchres Cut in the rock for the old dead and new. And, when we neared the gateway, lo ! a throng-Wailing, with covered mouths, dust on their heads, Clad in sad garments-bore a dead man forth, The one son of a Widow. She, a-mort, Broke with such woe as hath no help on earth, Followed the painted coffin where he lay Who was her glory and her good in life, With those young, helpful, loving hands tight-bound Never to help again ! and sweet boy-face Swathed in the grave-cloth, sightless. But her eyes Fixed on his face, thro' the fast-trickling tears Which still she wiped away, lest Sorrow cheat Love from one last dear moment of the Dead. Whom Jesus marked; and, while we held aloof, Since 'tis uncleanness if one touch a corpse,

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He laid his gentle palm upon the bier, And bade its bearers stand. Then, speaking sweet To that sad Mother : 'Weep no more !' He said, And gazed upon the dead—gazed—gathered up Pity and Power and Grace in one great look, Which beamed so tender and so masterful Hardly we marveled at what next befell : For, while the hushed crowd closed, softly we heard 'Arise, young Man ! I say.' The Dead sate up, And with his own hand drew the face-cloth off, And stared ; and murmured words ; and reached his

arms

To Jesus, and stepped, trembling, from the bier, And, while fear fell upon us, lo! the Boy Led, living, to his Mother, and her arms Locked round him; not the dark walls of the Tomb! But only Jesus of that multitude Silent, and calm, and smiling.

"Then I knew

My Master and my Lord ; and, all my heart Burned so with worship that the blessed flame Purged it of sin, and shame, and sorrow,—left Only the gold behind of grateful ache To praise and thank and love and honor Him ; To follow Him with humblest service still Through life and death. That night He lay at meat In Simon's house, in my own city here,— It stands there yonder with the three white domes— And, 'midst the others, I, too, entered in, Bearing my box, the costliest thing I owned, Holding much precious spikenard, subtly pressed From flower and root of delicatest growth By some far river in thy distant Hind."

"I know"—the Buddhist said—"that sumbultree,

The 'jatamansi.' And our Indian Bee Stays in her flight, full-laden, but to plunge— Honey-drunk—in the perfumed wealth of it."

"Sir! It is sweet as were all words from Him; The pity of Heaven made fragrance ! When I stood Unnoticed at His feet, dropping hot tears Which ran on them, wiping my tears away With these unbraided hairs, ashamed to moist Such sacred palms with water from such source; I would not merely lift the seal of silk That shut the casket's lid, and spill the spice; Lest somewhere, afterwards, some others use My box,—His box,—for something ill again. But on the stones I broke the dainty work, And from these ruined fragments poured forth all Over His feet, with many a fervent kiss Adoring, and anointing. Then, there spread The long-imprisoned spirit of that balm To every quickened nostril at the feast; And he that was its master, spake—half heard— 'My guest, the Prophet, being such, should wist Who and what manner of a wench it is Which toucheth Him, for she is Miriam !'

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And I,—who in my pride and sin of old Had cursed the Pharisee; grown wiser now, Humbler, and conscious of my shame, and cleansed From my seven devils—gathered meek these shards And prayed him pardon, and was turned to go."

"More grace thou hadst, fair Daughter! than thy Jew," Broke in the Indian.

"Nay, Sir! but I saw,

Blacker than Simon, how my sins must show At those white feet ! Then my Lord, piteously, Gazed on me, took my wrist, and drew me back ; And, while I kneeled beside Him—glad to drop My long black guilty hairs over mine eyes— Searchingly spake He : 'Simon, answer me !'

"'Rabbi ! speak on,' the Pharisee replied. My sweet Lord said : 'There lived a creditor Had debtors twain : one owed five hundred pence; The other fifty. Having nought to pay He did forgive them both. How sayest thou; Which debtor loved him best?'

"'I shall suppose,'

Murmured the Feast-master, ''twas he to whom The creditor remitted most.'

"My Lord

Smiled and spake soft : 'Aye, thou hast rightly judged !

Look on this woman well ! I—being thy guest— Lacked foot-water of thee; she made it good, Washing my feet with tears : lacked linen cloths To wipe them; and she made it good with locks Of untressed hair : lacked guest-kiss on the cheek; She with a hundred kisses made it good, Rained on my feet, and then a hundred more, Not ceasing from the time I entered in :

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Lacked on my head that oil which should anoint; But she upon my feet hath spilt the wealth Of kingly spikenard. Wherefore, this I say :---Her sins—her many sins—are wiped away, Even as from these my feet her tears were wiped ; FOR SHE LOVED MUCH ! But where forgivingness Is little, love is little.' Oh, with that, Made he from Simon, and upon me bent Those eyes that mastered Death at Nain; those eyes That melted at the children on the Mount; Those eyes, like stars, with love for radiant beam. And-ah !- beyond all music ever heard-Fell dulcet on mine ears : 'Go thou in peace ! Thy faith hath saved thee ! Go in peace ! Thy sins Are all forgiven !'

"They who sate at meat Muttered thereat: 'Who is this Nazarene Also forgiveth sins ? Who ?'

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"But He turned

Tenderly once again ; and spake again,

'Thy faith hath saved thee! Go in peace! Thy sins Are all forgiven!'

"And, from that glad hour,

Followed I Him, and ministered to Him; And found myself alive who had been dead, And saved by Love, who dwelt so lovelessly."

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х. Х Book 4.

THE PARABLES.

"OFTTIMES, dear Lady! while I listened close" (Next morn the Indian said) "loth, by one stop, To mar such noble music—I had will To tell thee how the great Tathâgata Spake many things in one mind with thy Lord. Methought I heard our holy Books unroll, Line after line, as thou didst featfully Recite those sayings on the Mount. He, too, Bade us not hate, but love ; and conquer Hate With Love ; and let light cares of Life go by Careless, because it is a show, which cheats ; 167 And earthly treasures fade; and he is rich Who lays up riches, in the Realm beyond, Of deeds done well, and gentle service wrought, And days without injuriousness. Mark, too, Our Buddha would not know of enemies More than thy Master. He commanded us 'If one upon the left shall wound thy hand, And one upon the right shall bathe thy hand With sandal-oil, and kiss it, bear to each The same mild heart! So shall the smiter love, Or-if not-vainly hate thee!' Charity, Mercy, and meekness, taught He:--for Love's sake Utmost renunciation. Once it fell Buddh to a starving tigress gave his flesh; Not fearing loss, for never can Love lose. Yet, truly, nowise have we known before Wisdom so packed and perfect as thy Lord's, Giving that Golden Rule that each shall do Unto his fellow as he would have done Unto himself; for, then, this earth were Heaven,

And equity in every breast throned King. Also right joyous goes His doctrine : glad Mid Life's sad charms, and swift vicissitudes, And Death's unshunned and hard perplexities Which make men bear to live. But Buddha held Life was long sorrow, ignorantly prized, Grievously re-assumed from change to change; Whirling sad souls upon the Wheel, unsaved Until they stay it, staying lust of days; Ceasing to drink the false salt wave which breeds Worse thirst-a wilder Trishna :- quit of quests. And gliding, passionless and purged and sane, Back to that Infinite where Silence lives. OM MANI PADME !-- ' from the lotus-leaf The Dew-drop sliding to the shining Sea, When Sunrise comes !'"

But Mary's great eyes gleamed, Crying : "Oh, Sir! in those good opening days We were as glad as maids at marriage-time; As jocund as the bird that hangs his heart-

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Bursting with song — midway 'twixt Earth and Heaven,

And hath, to ravish it, the sky all his Up to the utmost Blue, and, green below, The Earth his, down to that one dearest nook, The little happy hollow in the grass Where his mate listens on her warm grey eggs In woven nest. So owned we two wide Worlds, Following behind Him, over Galilee. Nay, and those never knew my Master's mind, Nor touched the golden hem of what He taught, Nor tasted honied lesson of His lips, Who drew not from the treasure of those lips Joyance to make him glad to live or die ! Wistful and woeful may well go, I know, The days of those who, driven by the winds Of strife, and avarice, and lust of eye, Chase, what shall never be attained on Earth, Contentment with the joys which are of Earth.

THE PARABLES.

Who knows, but Miriam of Magdala, How the red bubbles, bursting on the wine, Foretell, at the cup's bottom, bitterness? Truly, such souls are like our 'galgal'1 here-If thou hast seen it,-the wild artichoke. Which putteth forth brave branches in the Spring, Dving at Autumn into dusky globes That break, and fall, and roll, all helplessly, Ten score together in a leaping crowd, O'er hill and vale, bounding like things possessed; Till the thorns take them, or the wrathful sea. The Desert-rider reins his frightened beast As 'the accursed' whirls, and cries in scorn : 'Oh! Galgal! whither goest thou to lodge?' And the dry, miserable ball replies : 'Where the wind lodgeth for the night, I lie !'

"But we, who learned of Him the happy way, Whom never once again Earth's wind can drive,

^{&#}x27;Called by the Arabs of Palestine-el-akkub.

What is it if we die? whose eyes have seen There is no death! What is it if we live A little woe-begone, when He hath passed Patiently all our path, changing its stones To rubies, and to rose-blooms all its thorns, With bright blood of His vainly-wounded feet? What lover of Him shall be sad again Seeing the Father through Him, touching hands Of that large love which reaches out from Heaven, In His pierced palms? He told us not one bird Folds failing wings, and shuts bright eyes to die, But That which gave their stations to the stars, And marked the Seas their limits, and the Sun His shining road, signed soft decree for this, And did in pity plan kind consequence. 'Yet you'-lightly He spake-' are of more worth Than many sparrows!' Oh, good Friend ! that soul Hath done with sadness which knows Christ aright; Not as Fear reads, but as quick Love reveals.

Also I think the worst shall scarcely miss

THE PARABLES.

At end of evil, when Despair will lead Souls to His feet, which would not come for Love. Hardly, I hope, shall bloody Herod fail, Nor Judas, who betrayed Him with the kiss, Nor Pilate, who, for Cæsar, saw Him slain ; Nor any, at the last ; since Grace and power Measureless, which forbid men's hearts to hate, Themselves can never hate, nor finally, See their sweet purpose foiled.

"But, in those days,

We were the Children of the Bride-chamber, That could not fast, nor weep! Joy walked with us! Mark with thine eyes what Land this is in Spring ! The meadows cloth of gold, damasked and decked With silk-leaved country-blossoms, and the hills Girt with green forests, and with budding vines, Their feet set deep in barley-fields, and groves Of fig and olive ; where another world Of sunshine-loving peoples live : the Doyes, 174

The painted finches, and the crested larks, Brook-tortoises, and storks, with busy swarms Of banded bees, crickets, and creeping things, Nowise forgotten, taking share of Earth. He led us-Lord of lovely pastorals-Through these fair paths, grown to seem Paradise, Heaven being so near. Women and children drew-Bright with the light of Love's new Kingdom come-Into His train; and gave Him laughing guards Of little ones, who clustered round His knees-Wiser and bolder than we others were-Of dark-eyed, wistful Syrian wives and maids, Glad to be poor, because he loved the poor And made them wealthy with His word. The Lake, The lonely peaks, the valleys, lily-lit, Were synagogues. The simplest sights we met-The Sower flinging seed on loam and rock; The darnel in the wheat; the mustard-tree That hath its seed so little, and its boughs Wide-spreading; and the wandering sheep; and nets

Shot in the wimpled waters—drawing forth Great fish and small ;—these, and a hundred such, Seen by us daily, yet never seen aright, Were pictures for Him from the page of life, Teaching by parable.

"For nowise else

Taught He the people; since a light is set Safest in lanterns; and the things of Earth Are copies of the things in Heaven, more close, More clear, more near, more intricately linked, More subtly, than men guess. Mysterious,— Finger on lip,—whispering to wistful ears,— Nature doth shadow Spirit. Subjects, kings, Diversities, degrees, prophets, and poets; Lovers, together drawn invisibly Like orbs that cleave across the Void; the babe Who, coming helpless, finds its mother's breast Safe nursery and sweet food; the seed which dies That it may live, laughing with lightsome blade Death's dread away; the darkness which would daunt Save that it shews-what Day concealed- the stars; The sleep which gives us back the body's strength, But leaves the dreaming soul sleepless and 'ware, Comforting nightly with grave's counterfeit; Death without dying-living, but not Life! The steadfast, onward-moving march of Change In use and beauty; yea! and what obstructs Of harm and evil-for our World must grow By Love's slow conquest of the stubborn will, Free to will wrongly :--- these be parables Forever murmuring wider wonders, hints Of what hides inner, deeper. What is like Is likely; and the Life to come will be Of such a fashion as this Life to-day Writes in still symbols. Did we deem our fields Tilled for no crop save what the sickle reaps? He made them shew how Heav'n's wise husbandry Sets good seed growing; parts the tares and wheat; Winnows the chaff away. Did some man find Hid shekels in a field-old buried gold

Forgot of mouldering owner in the tomb-And buy the field, selling, for joy thereof, All that he had? He made us therefrom see How sweet it is to want all sweetnesses, Winning the Sweetest;¹ and how cheap to own What's priceless at a price; how light to part With all we clove to once, gaining thereby The treasure of the Kingdom. Did there come Pearl-merchants out of Persia, trafficking All their white findings for one moonlight gem, Fished fortunate in Ormuz, or by reef, Deadly and ragged, of the Sea of Suph, Fit for the neck of Cæsar's Emperess? He made them teach us how to fling aside Small pearls for great. That corn, sown secretly, Unseen at eve, but, when we passed at Morn, Greening the headlands, 'twas His text to tell

¹Cf. St. August. Confess.—" Quam suave mihi subito factum est carere suavitate, et quas amittere metus fuerat jam dimittere gaudium erat ; Oh, Vera Tu et summa Suavitas!"

How still and sure the good deed grows i' the dark, And shall not fail of fruit in his full time. The shepherd whom we met in Gadara Ioyously striding as he brought to fold That one lost lamb out of the hundred sheep On his own shoulders, leaving lone, meanwhile, The ninety and nine, safe in fat pasturage, Passed piping on, not knowing he was grown Type for us of the Eternal Love which seeks Strays of the flock; and will not have them lost For all its Saints; and will not spare its toil, 'Mid thorns and thickets, till it find and save; Then makes more joy in Heaven for one lost sheep Brought home, than all the folded ewes and rams Knee deep in grass of Paradise. And, once-New from Peræa, o'er the star-lit sea Sailing with Simon to this city's gates-We spied a marriage-party :---torch, and lamp, And cresset,-flaring with great cedar-knots,-Dancing like fire-flies through Capernaum

To jocund music of much pipe and drum. But-for the Bridegroom tarried-certain maids Had slumbered ; let their lamps die ; and their wail-'Alalalai ! No light ! and, lo, he comes !'--Was loud, because the wedding-doors stood closed. Small thought those slothful damsels had their rout, Hither or thither hurrying, gowns ungirt, Lamps swinging lightless, and th' uncared-for cry, 'Oil! Sisters! lend us oil!' should thesis give For fable of the Wise and Foolish Ones; The souls that wait and watch; the souls that drowse Letting Life's wick burn down ; till midnight comes, And here's the Bridegroom, with his feastful friends, But, look ! no light ! and entrance quite forbid ! 'Watch, therefore,' spake He, 'for ye know nor day Nor hour.'

"Yet most He loved to teach of Love. Wherefore the tale was of a certain man Dwelling—(we knew him)—by Tiberias,

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

That had two sons. And one, the Prodigal, Had asked his portion, gathered it, and went To some far country where he wasted all In riotous living; till the ill times fell, And he had nought, and herded swine, and filled His belly with the husks. Sitting at meat In Simon's house, our Master took this tale, And featly decked it forth with Wisdom's wealth, Relating how that son 'came to himself' And cried : 'I will arise and go unto My Father, and will say that I have sinned, Sinned against Heaven, and, Father ! before thee, And am not worthy to be called thy Son, Only thy hireling servant! Make me that!' Then he arose, and came. And, oh ! what heart Throbbed not amongst us, while the Master told Tenderly,-meaning all the world to hear,-How-yet a long way off-his Father saw, Saw him, and had compassion; nay, and ran, And fell upon his neck, and kissed the boy

Mouth to mouth, Father's lips on Son's lips pressed, Staying his words of sorrowful self-blame With dear impatience ;—leading us to learn That God's love runneth faster than our feet To meet us stealing back to Him and peace, And kisses dumb our shame, nay, and puts on The best robe, bidding Angels bring it forth, While Heaven makes festival ; for Angel's meat Is happiness of man.

"In such wise, He-

Plucking His themes, as Syrian girls pull flowers To spell dear names, and speak the gentlest words, From common wayside things in Galilee— Taught us by Parable."

The Indian cried :

"Thou Wise One! who didst sojourn in the Wild; And feed the swine from fairest hands; and ache With hunger for thine own fine food of Truth,

With waste of Love and Life; and didst arise. And find forgiving arms, and take that kiss Silencing shame! Now doth thy bright soul wear A better beauty than dead Pappus saw, Or love-sick Prætors! Whence are words to thank These words which teach me where thy Jesus filled The leaf of wisdom in, and wrote for men The Name Lord Buddha would not say nor spell? Sweet stories, nathless, might thy servant cite From Buddha's lips; teaching, as these do teach,-By speech of Ganges, not of Galilee,-How good seed grows to good, ill seed to ill, Secretly; and the Treasure of the Law How well it is to buy it at World's cost, If all this World were chrysolite, and ours : And how Death is not-being new life masked, Lest we long over-much to die, and lose Purpose of Earth :--but Change, forever Change ! From seed, by darkness, to the blade again ; From life, by rest and recompense, to life,

From forms, by Karma, to some other form; Which wheel shall whirl, till the awakened soul Like a caged callow eagle, passion-caught, Knows itself; and, indignant, spreads its wings For that unbounded quiet where is Home. Thus did Buddh teach; and high Ahinsa's rule To do no wrong, but bear wrongs patiently; Yet this to conquer Ignorance ; to break From sense; to find that farther, truer World Which shines—thou sayest it—beyond the seen. Yea! This to serve the self, and save the soul, Reaching Nirvâna; where what seemed so dear,-Love—lieth dumb as Hate; Life dead as Death; And the vast voice of endless ecstacy Is silence, and its Day eternal dream. Who reigneth at that centre of the cirque, Him named he not, nor would he lift to Him Prayers which were vain, if th' All-knowing loves, If th' All-Loving knows. Denying not, Affirming not; but finding no Word fit

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Saving the Wordless, the 'Immeasurable.' But thou, reporting from thy Master's mouth, On that Void stretching from thought's farthest

flight

As far into the purple deeps of Night As the last star—and farther—dost inscribe This mighty name of 'Love,' and biddest believe Not law, not fate, not fore-ordainëd course Hath moulded what we are, and built the worlds ; But living, regnant Love ; dimly discerned In glories of this house of Earth we own, Paved with green meads and seas, and roofed with

Heaven;

Dimly discerned in lovely shows that live To whisper lovelier wonders; youth and strength, The light of lustrous limbs, and laughing eyes, Man's might and woman's beauty; clouds and flowers; Jewels and birds; and all fair things for use. Nor will thy matchless Master have this Love Marred anyway by evil; any whit

Hindered by hating. Hate and evil hang,-So must I gather—but as darkness hangs, When dawn, which broadens, is not rosy yet. It shall not fail to gleam, dispelling glooms. And, for the lingering of that Sun of Love Which is to brighten all, 'tis Night! we dream! And Time and Doubt portions of that false dream! Nor would thy Master have one little life Forgotten of this Love divine. He sees His Father's universes clustering close Round the poor bird which dies—to minister With winds that fan it, and with dews that bathe; Those viewless forces, holding worlds at work, Subservient to the meanest thing in life, And death, and after dying. Therefore more, Much more to Man, Earth's Lord, and King of things. Also, who enters-if I gather well-Into this kingdom, in thy Master's train, Hath, for its secret, not to love himself; Nor seek to save himself; nor-lonely-wend

Over dead duties and affections slain. Towards such Nirvâna; but to cherish still His neighbor as himself; and save his soul By losing heed of it, in heedful care That all his doings profit men, and help The sorrowful to hope, the weak to stand ; With heart, soul, mind, and strength loving this God, Whom yet I reach not, tho' the foot of thought Treads step for step with Christ in Galilee. How fits with such a God the loveless strife Of all things living? In the jungle, look ! What slaughter! and without it not a meal For the young vultures, or the tiger-cubs. Nay, over all thy Realm of Love this rules ;--Each slays a slayer, and in turn is slain. How fits, with Love, this, and the wrongs of men Too desperate for any right to atone; The woes too hard ever to recompense; The dried, but dreadful, unforgotten tears; The agonies intolerable, yet seen,

Yet suffered, (thou didst say so) by that Power Who tends the little bird, but gives it o'er Helpless and piping to the Falcon's beak? If these things need not be, doth He not play With His poor Earth? Shall it not fling Him back His after bliss, indignant? If aught lets, And He that made them cannot help his Worlds— Or, only by slow schemes, and painful paths,— Shall we not scorn to call Him powerful; Or ask to see Him nearer, and know more?"

"Wise Friend !" She sighed, "that which thou sayest now

Was—over-eager—said. One of our Twelve,— One golden morning when the Earth seemed His— By reason of those glorious works,—and Heaven A Garden parted by the Blue, whose key Hung at His girdle—pressed Him close, and spake : 'Show us the Father, Lord !' But He replied, With grave eyes looking greatly past our light, 'No man, at any time, hath seen Him ! None !
Nor shall ye see Him nearer than by Me
Who am His Son !' And, on another day,
Spake He: 'So long hast thou been with me here.

And not yet known Me, Peter? Who hath seen Him that was sent, hath seen the Sender?' Sir! We did suppose,---what thy large learning holds,---The Unnamed thereby shewn the Infinite, Incomprehensible, Unspeakable, Forever and forever unapproached, And yet forever and forever near In loving immanence; revealed on Earth Doubtfully, as the minds of parents are To ungrown children; most of all revealed In days and deeds, in holy life and death, And new life after death, of Christ our Lord. But manifest-so did we read Him-here, In whatso mirrors Love, the nursing Dove Fasting to feed her couplets; the lone ewe

Battling against the eagle for her lamb; The eagle's self, fierce to find meat to bear Back to her nestlings; and the peasant-sires Toiling that little ones fare well at home; And mothers with the sucklings at their breasts; And children tending joyously the old ; And he who helps the poor, and he that shares Last measure of dates in the mid wilderness With one that starves ;-each tender deed and true, Each word, thought, sacrifice, which helps the world, By loving-kindness, use, and charity; Nay, 'even one cup of water !' thus He said : 'Given in My name' bring glimpse of God, and lead Nearer and nearer to the Heart of Love. Which shall be justified, when all is known And the Eternal Wisdom whispers, glad, Its secret to the Soul, laughing to learn Death was so friendly, and the toils of life So fruitful for all living things; and pain Seed of long pleasure; and our worst of woes

So like the foolish anguish of the Babe Whereat the Mother, loving most, smiles most.

"Moreover, not by narrow Reason's ray Shall this be ever compassed, but by light Larger and brighter, shining from the heart. And in the house, once at Capernaum,— His Twelve disputing who was first and chief,— He took a little child, knit holy arms Round the brown, flower-soft boy; and smiled and said :

'Here is the first and chiefest ! If a man Will be the greatest, see he make himself Lowest and least ; a servant unto all ; Meek as my small disciple here, who asks No place, nor praise ; but takes unquestioning Love, as the river-lilies take the sun, And pays it back with rosy folded palms Clasped round my neck, and simple head reclined On his Friend's breast.'

"And, at another time,

When the pleased Mothers of the Lake would bring Their infants to His knee; to touch that hand Which touched the hands of angels, and to take Blessings from lips which spoke for Heaven;—those

Twelve

Rebuked them, knowing not. But Jesus said : 'Suffer the little ones to come to Me! Forbid them not! Heaven's Kingdom is of such' And then went on : 'Whoso shall not receive The Kingdom as a little child, that Man In nowise entereth in !' Friend! should we err Deeming He meant the simplest souls see most? Is there not wisdom in the witless Babe? New-coming to this life, so wonderful, Finding, without his pains, without his will, The tender Mother waiting ; the sweet stream Of breast-milk flowing ; and his soft place made ; With sunlight for his days ; and stars and moon To gem the curtains of his sleep ; and flowers To tempt his feet to walk; and birds to teach Carols of country-joy, when he would sing; The child doth question nought, but takes this wealth,

Lavished upon him in the dawn of life With quiet, opening heart, glad to be glad. So doth he grow and learn ; yet shall not learn Ever a higher wisdom than to cling Close to the loving bosom kept for him, Content to trust, careless to understand."

The grey sage said, with wrinkled brow bent low, "Great is thy grace, oh, Lady Miriam! Right surely hast thou won for those true lips Learning's last word! 'Tis written in our books Of Parabrahm, to shame all pride of mind, 'He is unknown to those who think they know; And known to whoso know they know Him not.' Yet, as thy fair speech ran, much wondered I That, teaching how this Heavenly Love hath heed Of all flesh living; how we sons of men

Lie in its lap, all children, dear alike, Elder and younger; near and far; white, black; The Jew, the Greek, Syrian, Sidonian, Arab, Egyptian; nay, and Indian; Thy Jesus did not quit, some little while, His slender world shut here, those peasant-hearts Poorly perceiving Him; those narrow brows Knitted against Him in false Nazareth; And that proud, bitter murderess on the hill, Slaver of Prophets, red Jerusalem,-Which, as we heard, did spill His blameless blood. Why wended not His holy feet to them? To us? to any? who had listened well; And, glad with light of such bright missioning, Crowned Him a King, indeed, and given Him Earth To fill and foison with His Father's will?"

She answered : "Once, from green Gennesaret Passed He, with certain, to the neighboring coasts Of Tyre, and would not have that any knew, But could not veil His greatness. Thou hast seen

Perchance,-or from far-travelled merchant heard-How stately sits, how strong, how beautiful, That city on her Island of the Sea, Tyre of the temples; girt with mighty walls, Which glass themselves like rocks, majestical, In the green wave laving their feet; filled full With ships that come and go,-white birds of the sea, Flown from the farthest verges of the earth, Spreading or folding wing; and noise of oars And ropes, and singing of the merchantmen. There stood He, on the stair of Melicerth-God of the city-while there came and went Folk, as I think, from all the East and West; Another world of men and women; loud With traffick, and strange tumults, and new tongues; And gay with many-colored garbs. We saw The thronged streets paved with coral; booths, and shops

Bursting with store; long strings of camels; slaves Bearing red jars of byssus, sealed for Rome;

Hewn cedar logs for Greece; honey and oil, Barley and balm and calamus; great bales Of gum and cassia; with blue-broidered work. And Tyrian girls danced by, before his eyes, Clad in the purple peplums, beating skins Of drum and cymbal, wreathed with myrtle flowers; Singing their wild way down to Ashtoreth, The hundred-breasted Goddess of the Moon, Worshipped with blood. Mild stood the Master

there

Watching the busy bright-hued heathen life, With eyes like those sea-waters, shewing half, Half hiding the deep Wonders underneath. Whom, as He gazed, with who shall tell what

thoughts?

A woman in the Greek dress did accost, Plucking His robe, and crying : 'David's Son ! I know thee masterful and merciful. Have pity on my child ! A devil rends Her tender flesh ; but thou, if thou would'st come, Could'st heal, and bring thy servants peace and weal!'

Then He, grieved for the gilded wickedness

Of that fair city, fain for Galilee,

Answered : 'First must the children's mouths be filled !

It is not meet to take the children's bread,

And cast it to the dogs!' At that, her eyes

Flashed with quick wit of anguish; and she cried:

'Truth, Lord ! but crumbs fall, and the dogs may eat The children's leavings !' Then beamed forth anew

That high look on His face, which comforted :

'For this thy saying go in peace!' He spake,

'Thy little Maid is healed !'

"And she was healed !"

AT TYRE.

BREAK off a little (he who sings entreats) To mark the Master treading Tyre's proud streets; For then, of all the days of all our years, Since tale was kept of human hopes and fears, Since first, through mists of eld, we mark Man climb From flint and bronze to arts and aims sublime; Subduing Earth, and stripping from the Sea, By lordlier might, its power and mystery; And gaining, race by race, with painful strife, Slow steps to Law, and sweeter modes of life :--Then, of all days, Times past and Times to be Met-touched-and parted ; taking silently Such eye-glance as the Grecian boys might snatch, One from another, in that antique match, When the enkindled torch went sparkling round, And each fleet runner o'er the flying ground

Spent his last breath and strained his sinking limb To bring it, safe, and swiftly, on to him Who-new, and girt, and eager-waited near That lighted brand one more quick stage to bear. Then did this New Age from that Old Age take Life's flambeau up; and with strong fingers shake The sinking fire, and strike away the ash Of Pagan blackness; making fresh rays flash Whiter and brighter than what erst had beamed, When Attic grace and Latin lordship seemed To hold our Earth forever. Ponder well What this white Tyre was, when the Writings tell Jesus stood silent in her crowded ways; Master and Victor, more than if the blaze Of steel-clad legionaries at His heels Had burst her gates; and rattling chariot-wheels Had borne Him, splashed with scarlet conquest, high Over her purple Punic Empery. See, in the Prophet's scroll, how proud she sate,

Queen of the heathen, at her strong Sea-Gate:

AT TYRE.

"Oh Thou !" he saith-" at entrance of the Sea Merchant for many peoples ! haughtily Wearing thy perfect beauty; with ships wrought Of fir from Hermon, and of cedars brought From Lebanon; and for thine oars uncounted Oak-trees of Bashan; and thy benches mounted With ivories of Chittim; and thy sails Sendal of Egypt, bellying to the gales With broidered fringe, and blue and purple, pressed From byssus of Aeolia! Skilfullest On all the waves thy timoneers in Thee, Thy grey-haired pilots, sailing every sea! Zidon and Arvad made Thee mariners; Gebal thy caulkers; Lud and Phut and Perse And Gammadim, thy men of battle tall, Who hanged their helms and bucklers on the wall, Gems for thy terrible beauty ! Tarshish sent Silver and tin to be thine ornament; Javan and Tubal brought thee slaves, and brass To mould thy market vessels; those who pass

Out of Togarmah fetched thee, for thy fairs, Mules and their riders, stallions stout and mares; Dedan did traffick many a horn with thee Of milky elephant, and ebony From isles of Suph; Syria thronged trader, too, For corals, emeralds, agates; and the blue Of sea-fishes; thy mouth was fed with grain Of Judah, out of Minnith's golden plain; With honey, oil, and balm; with spice from Hind; 1 And green Damascus would not be behind For wine of Helbon, and white wool; and Dar Sent thee bright iron; and the Ionian Wine-pots and women-slaves. Kedar did graze Her flocks to feast thee; for thy power and praise Sheba and Raamah poured both gums and gold; Haran and Canneh, Asshur, Chilmad old, Blue cloths and broidered work; and chests bound round

With cords-of cedar wood-wherein was found

¹ "Pannag" is, no doubt, the Sanskrit pannaga, meaning "aromatic herbs."

AT TYRE.

So-it is said-

Glorious apparel, wove with gilded thread, And the worm's glistening film !"

The ships did sing of her, on all the seas. Lovely and strong, in her twin majesties Of spear and oar, she shone upon her Isle, Replenished, very splendid. But the toil Of tearful captives drove her glittering keels Swift o'er the waves; at mills and water-wheels Lydian and Lybian slaves, to keep her great, Groaned their lost lives away with tears and sweat; And-dark and cruel-at the altar-stair Of dread Astartë, priests, their red arms bare, For glory of the goddess, pierced soft throats Of Tyrian boys and girls; and—girt with coats Of sacrifice, mingling its wine and blood,-Stained the white marble scarlet, where she stood. And Woman had no place, nor parity, Nor grace, with that lewd Lady of the Sea:

But, bought and sold, the maiden bloomed, to live A Temple-thrall, and her dusk beauty give Loveless, unloved. And the fierce statutes taught Hatred to foes; and vile advantage, wrought By whatsoever wrong, or force, or fraud Might spoil the stranger.

In such midst our Lord

Patiently pacing, surely come to be
Gentle Destroyer of this Heathenry;
Teacher of Truth, which, spreading slow, shall shake
The many-breasted Goddess down; and make
The captives free, and tear the accursëd knife
From priestly grip; and change to Queen and Wife
The trafficked Temple-harlot; aye! and bring
The Roman to his last of governing;
The Greek—proud of his glorious gods—to hear
Over Ægian hills that voice of fear
Wailing, "Great Pan is Dead!" And, from the tongue

AT TYRE.

Of Cæsar's self—hereafter—shrewdly wrung By scathe and loss,—compel that yielding cry, Vicisti Galilæe!

1

Now, go by

Those throngs of Tyre,—the old ill-deeds and days— Heedless and unaware ! seeing Him gaze Wistfully from their Temple-steps. No thought How the mild eyes and silent steps have brought End and Beginning !

Yet hath come the End ! Hath dawned Beginning !

Doth no ear attend ?— The sea-waves, softlier in the harbor swinging, Take part with the sea-breezes, lightly singing :

> PEACE BEGINNING TO BE DEEP AS THE SLEEP OF THE SEA

WHEN THE STARS THEIR FACES FIND

IN ITS BLUE TRANQUILLITY :

HEARTS OF MEN UPON EARTH,

THAT RESTED NOT FROM THEIR BIRTH, TO REST AS THE WILD WATERS REST WITH COLORS OF HEAVEN ON THEIR BREAST.

Love which is sunlight of peace Age by age to increase Till angers and hatreds are dead, And sorrow and death shall cease: "Peace on Earth and Good-Will !" Souls that are gentle and still Hear the first music of this Far-off, infinite bliss!

Book 5.

THE LOVE OF GOD AND MAN.

NEXT day, within the House at Magdala, Sitting in fair discourse, the Indian said : "I know that thou must pass to bid me see Thy Master done to death by evil men, Blind to the light, in hard Jerusalem. I think that thou wilt tell how,—'ere he died— (Who could not die—thou sayest—and did not die, If thou hast seen Him living, being slain) He took back, twice and thrice, those keys from Death

Which lock the gates of darkness on mankind, Till, when His own hour came, Death ministered 205

Meek servitor, leading that holy soul Thither where it must go, and willed to go, So He might finish what He was to be; In all things Man (thou sayest) yet, in all things Divinely touching Heaven, fulfilling life, And conquering ('twas thy word) the Unconquerable. Now, gracious Lady! since these things be strange, And 'tis a new day which my dim eyes see Broader and brighter than could shine, I deemed, Till Buddh came back ; humbly I pray of thee,-Who dwelled'st near this light, and hast this light Large in thy happy eyes, and pure and clear In thine assured spirit-make more plain What was thy Master's teaching; with what Law Set He the old Laws by? Whence take ye all-Whose faces met His face,—the calm, the joy Of such strong comfort as I mark, and praise, And marvel at, and fain would understand."

"Swift is the heart to seize "-Mary replied-

" Slow is the tongue to utter things so high ! Had'st thou walked once with Him in Galilee, Seen His face once, once, from His lip divine Heard those commanding, certain, kind, clear words Which answered 'ere we dared to ask, and spake Straight to the thought, as if our souls went stripped, Or wore for raiment crystal :- thou had'st known, As we did know, who loved and followed Him, He was in all things such as we were-Man; Yet, being Man, in nowise like to us; Oh! no more like than yonder palm-blossom-Dropping its sudden plumelet from the crown To spread and feather into golden rain-Is like the root, the stem, the branch, the leaf Whence, all at once, it burgeoned. Thou had'st known How speech must fail, seeking to circumscribe The purport of His mighty message here With unavailing words; as if one dipped A hand to empty deep green Galilee. Only, if yet again that Voice could sound,

Itself would be its own interpreter, Lifting thee to those heights of Love unseen Where dwell our spirits, safe above the clouds ; Would light thy gladdened eyes with what lights ours Through life, through death, into the bliss beyond.

"Yet, for thy sake, and for His sweet Name's praise, I will essay :

"Once, at Jerusalem,

While eager multitudes drank in his words, The Sadducees had questioned Him, and asked Touching a Jewish wife, whose husband died Leaving no children ; and, by Moses' law, The second brother took her ; and, again Dying, the third ; and so the fourth, and fifth, Down to the seventh. Last, the Woman dies Childless by all—of all the equal spouse. 'Whose wife, at resurrection, shall she be, All seven having her, and issue nought?' So posed they, mocking at the Life to come. But Jesus shamed them ; shewed them Holy Writ-Forever in their false mouths-proving God Lord not of dead but living; bade them know Better His power, and plan, and mystery, And multitudinous mansions of Love's House; And this world little, and high Heaven so large Where neither marriage is, nor mortal wish, Nor selfish, lying tongues, speaking false speech Of love ; nor eyes that lose their lustrous light With tears and vigils; nor the dread to part Which, under warm gold of Love's folded wing, Makes lovers shudder ; nor true love mistook. Nor ill-love entertained; nor ever doubt, Where destined spirits meet; nor ever death Of love new-born, heart-holds abandoning; But love undying, undivided, pure, Perfect; in finer bonds, and nigher, bound; Dearer delights and deeper joys; free souls Linked as the Angels are, whose breath is Love; And, for their sex another wonder.

"One

Which was a Pharisee, said,—tempting Him; Or, haply, learning Moses shrunk too small To fill the new vast splendors opened so— 'Tell us the chief commandments of the Law!' Then, as a jewel-merchant spreads forth gems, And takes, from all his treasures of the Deep, The two great gleaming pearls of all the pearls To set them, matchless, in the encircling gold Shining apart ;—from all the Law He plucked These two chief precepts, sternly answering :

THOU SHALT LOVE THE LORD THY GOD WITH ALL THY HEART, AND WITH ALL THY SOUL, AND WITH ALL THY MIND.

"'This is the First and Great Command,' He said : 'And like unto it that which followeth it.'

THOU SHALT LOVE THY NEIGHBOR AS THYSELF.

"' All the Law hangs, and all the Prophets hang

On these Commandments,' spake He, 'on these two !'

So did our Lord, out of their own mouths, judge Those hypocrites, telling how this Life makes Veil and dim vestibule of larger life, Eternal, boundless; and what statutes twain Sway the commingling Realms so manifest. Wherein, who loves his brother, seen and known, Loves God Unseen, Unknown; and who, by faith Finds the far Father in the close sweet Son, Is one with both. Yet Faith, ofttimes He taught, Was nowise bare believing; since belief Comes hard or easy, as minds go; and He-Not once ungentle to bewildered minds Seeking for truth and fearful lest they take A wrong road in the maze—spake graciously Even to one who, craving mercy, cried : 'Lord ! I believe ! help thou mine unbelief !' What Faith He asked of whose entered in

The slave may have in bondage, if he lifts Eyes of sad hope; th' unlettered hind may have, Who, at his toil, hungers for better bread Than what toil buys; the little child may have, Content to love and trust; all souls shall have, Which, when the light shines, turn themselves to

light

As field-flowers do ; and, like the flowers of the field, Are glad of the great sun for the sun's sake ; And, being evil, are for good ; being weak, Will give what thews they own for Righteousness, Will lay what gifts they may at Love's fair feet, And follow, with quick step or slow,—through faults, Through failures, through discomfitures, through

sins,—

The march of that majestic King whose flag, Distant and dim, they hail, and with true hearts— Though will be wilful and though flesh be weak— Burn to obey. These are Heaven's men-at-arms In van or rear ; informed or ignorant

Of whither battle rolls, and what shall prove Its issue ; and, for them, whether high spoils Of victory at last—the Leader's eye 'Ware of their wounds—or some forgotten grave, Where they that gained Him glory sleep unnamed : Always to orders loyal, standing fast In what post be assigned ; in life and death Right-minded, but not blameless ; loving God With lowly heart ; and earnest, striving soul Which trusted, seeing darkly ; loving man For brotherhood, and God that lives in man ; Such have the faith, to such is much forgiven.

"It may be there shall come in after days— When this Good Spell is spread—some later scribes, Some far-off Pharisees, will take His law,— Written with Love's light fingers on the heart, Not stamped on stone 'mid glares of lightning-fork— Will take, and make it code incorporate ; And from its grace write grim phylacteries To deck the head of dressed Authority; And from its golden mysteries forge keys To jingle in the belt of pious pride; And change its heavenly cherishing tenderness To warrant for the sword, the chain, the flame, Lending hard Hate the sacred seals of Love, And crying: 'Who believes not, perishes!' It may be some that heard Him day by day, Lacking the ears to hear, or losing hold Of larger thought—perplexed interpreters— Shall, in the times to be, do Him much wrong With right intent; saying our sweet Lord taught Dark tangled schemes of sad salvation ; God Making Earth ill; which went awry; was lost For sin; was forfeit to the wrath of Heaven; Which—for it must exact a victim!—slew The Son of Heaven Himself, willing and free; And, by His blood, self-shed and innocent, Washes Earth's sins away, propitiates That hungry anger of the offended Law.

So I have known some teach—nay, faithful ones— Reciting solemn sentences, and words Of sorrowful foretelling, when He knew How Love, for love of Love, must die, to prove Love never dies; no more than Heaven extorts Sin's satisfaction from glad pangs of Love. Nay! if 'twere John himself should teach such God And call him Christ's, I could remember, too, How,—when John bade Him call down lightningbolts

Consuming those Samaritans who drave Him and the Twelve away—He softly spake : 'I came to save men's lives, not to destroy !' But, if it be ; and from His darkest words This passeth, that albeit 'God is Love' As he did say, this thing was also said, God from the guiltless drew the fine of guilt, And, in constraining names of 'Just' and 'Good,' Wrought red injustice, and dealt grievously, Bethink thee of our race,—a chosen race From ancient days,—but swaddled, suckled, nursed
In school of 'sacrifice': at Passover
Sprinkling our doors with blood; at bearing-time
Buying our leave to enter once again
The Temple-Courts, and show a child to God,
With butchery of those two soft turtle-doves,
Their pearled necks bleeding, while the mother kneels.
Also, in Tisri, on 'Atonement Day'

Our High Priest, lifting up the Temple's veil, Walks gory, with his dripping knife in hand, And, slaughtering the bullock and the ram, Comes with two goats ; and one Jehovah hath And one Azâzel : winning each by lot Cast in that shambles. And,—Jehovah's goat, Rightfully murdered—seven times must he dip His fingers in the blood, and scatter it Over the Mercy-Seat. Azâzel's goat,— Bearing ' the scarlet tongue ' between its horns, And laden with those sins beasts wot not of,—

One leads into the wilderness, to die Innocent, for the people ; die forlorn, Famished, afire with thirst, knee-deep in slime And salt-crusts of the dreadful Sea of Death. How should we learn, horribly nurtured so, To cast no blood upon the Mercy-Seat In this fresh Temple of the living Love? Oh, Sir ! The stream, so clear-high on the Mount-Takes color from the hags and channel stones Whereby it hastens to the expectant plains ; And many winding ways this Heavenly flood Must find, belike, before old Law no more Stains the new crystal of its purity With memory of bad, bitter, bloody shrines, And savage Righteousness, and jealous Jah !

"It may be this shall hap! How should I know? Yet do we know, who loved and followed Him, Never such wild words fell from those true lips, Which would not have the young man call Him good, 218

Replying 'None is good ! Not one, save God !' Love's glory-not Love's gore-redeems all Worlds ! The gateway of His Kingdom He did shut On them who named His name, but let the sick Lie helpless; and the naked go unclad; The fatherless uncared-for; prisoners Unvisited; the woe-begone of Earth Unsuccored ;-vainly dreaming to love God Who did not love their brothers; those who held Talents, and wrapped them in a napkin; churls Who-pardoned of great debts-took by the throat A fellow-servant for some little due, And narrowly exacted all; unkind, Forgetting the Forgiver. But for Faith Which, if it could, would cling; and, if it could, Would comprehend; and, comprehending not, Stumbled, yet loved and strove,-to that He flung The golden doors wide open, crying, 'Come, Thrice-blessëd of my Father! What ye did, In that sweet secret doing of true heart,

Unto the least of these my brethren, ye Have done it unto Me!'

"'Of true heart '---mark ! For what were wrought in purpose of reward, Though the high goal be Heaven, wins us no

Heaven,

Wins wages only of this World and men; The portion of the hyprocrites. To love Our lovers, and to give to them that give; And to bestow, and to abstain, for praise, The sinners do it, and the publicans :— So would He teach. But, in our daily alms And in our prayers; to keep them maidenly, Veiled; making private what poor grace they own, Holding them secret twixt ourselves and Heaven; Not letting this hand know what that hand doth; And nowise ever to ask pay for Love, Since Love is paid in loving. Yet, He taught, Love could not lose by utmost sacrifice,

Nay, but that gain would come,—must come !—much gain ! And pleasures past all seeing of the eye, Hearing of ear, imagination Quickened to topmost fancy. This, for sphere Of spirit, where the things prepared for us— Poorly foreshadowed in Earth's happiest Now—

Would daze the heart to know. Still, deem thou not Our holy Master put the body by As though 'twere clog and curse! Not mean, nor base, But of Heaven's best upbuilding is this House Fashioned for man; the city of nine gates, Wonderful, subtle, sacred ;—to be kept Fair and well garnished; graced with ornament Outside and in, and wardened worthily That, in its ordered precincts, Angel's wings May float and fold; and body help the soul As soul helps body. Never once with us Scorned He the meats and drinks, sights and delights Which flesh doth ask; 'Your Heavenly Father knows Ye need these things ' He said ; and ofttimes sate At wedding-festival and banquet-board. But while the kind Earth hath a place for all, Joys come unsought-He said-to whoso lives Heedless of joy. 'Love thyself last! Drink deep The nectared anodyne of selflessness ! Feast full upon the diet Angels eat— Pity and Help and vast Compassion! Seek The pathway of the Kingdom ;-finding that, 'Other things shall be added !' Griefs shall come, Pain, hardships, death, it may be, on the path ;--Yet turn not back ! hand once upon the plough, Drive the brave furrow forward, eyes intent On the share's point! trust Heaven for recompense Forgetting recompense; trust God for due Of goodly things, and for soul's due of peace Foregoing both ! 'Some of you they shall put'-Spake He 'to death; and not one single hair Shall perish of your heads !'"

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

The Buddhist said : " I hear thee tell me plain how Jesus taught Life beyond this life, timeless, infinite ; As little parted from the world we see As day-time is from dream-time, when we drowse, And think 'tis night, with sunrise on our lids. Taught that our sorrows are but children's frets Because there bends, o'er seen things and unseen,— Swaying that Kingdom which hath Love for law,— A Father's hand, bountiful, pitiful,—

Known by the Son's hand, which we reach and touch,-

His true Name being nameless; conquering Slowly—for reasons—all things to himself. Also that whoso will may enter in— Now and forever—to full freedmanship Of Love's fair Kingdom, having Faith, which is Not wisdom, understanding, creed, belief, Nor sinlessness—by Yogis vainly sought In deedlessness—but earnest will to stand

On Love's side; eager heart to see the Good And serve the Good, and hail the Light, and help The spreading of the Light; aiming to grow 'Perfect as He is perfect.' So the dew Globes on a grass-blade; shaped as is the Star, Shooting star's rays, obeying star-like laws ! Now do these lucent words kindle a lamp Brighter than what we took from Buddha's lore ! He bade us spurn Self, set the self aside-Ahankara—seek always to sink back Safe to the Infinite; and, for such end, Break from the sense, with all its sorceries : Forego delights, disdain what most men prize, Life's light allurements, tender things of Time, Soft lips of love, sweet lisp of little ones Making heart's music in the house; praise, fame, Wealth, domination. But thou shewest us The subtle spirit, making good its way From world of sense and self to selfless world, Not by hard stress of lone philosophies,

Nor scorn of joys, nor sad disparagement Of life and living things as shadows vain; But—nearer road and new !—by heart to see Heaven closest in this Earth we walk upon, God plainest in the brother whom we pass, Best solitudes 'mid busy multitudes, Passions o'ercome, when master-passion springs To serve and love and succor. Ah! the dream ! Full fair, could it but last in waking hours ! Could men but hear the Angel's song anew And learn to sing it, making 'Peace on Earth !'"

"Sir! but it lasts!" she said—" with whoso sees As we have seen and heard. No dream at all, But simple, glad, and easy Verity! I pray thee note how He would call Himself The 'Son of Man.' Is't not the way with kings To bear for style and title—first and most— Their Kingdom's name, prouder than crown or ring, Or high imperial purple? This our King,

Who, had He willed, might sit in majesty Out of all reach, in court invisible Of undiscovered Paradise; unmoved, 'Mid Angels and Archangels ministering, Throned Son of God; with archipelagoes Of orbs for silver islands of His Realm ;---Dwelled, seest thou this, with us in Galilee; And, lowly, took for Empire 'Men,' a Man? Consider what it is that He was Man ! If one proclaimed-the wisest and the best That ever lived in all our lands, and years,-'The way to God is by the road of men; Find they far Heaven in near humanity; Love thy seen brother as thyself! Thereby Thou lovest Him Unseen, who is the All !' What answer should we make? should we not say Some few our eyes have seen, lovers and friends, Tender and true; once, twice, and thrice we knew Hearts gentle, just, and pure ; and there have been-If annals lie not-excellent good souls

Giving themselves for kindred, country, right; Wise teachers, worthy soldiers, foremost minds Whose names are sweet upon the lips of Time For service dearly wrought and selfless deeds, Yet, never was there one might say, at height Of topmost virtue, 'See in Me that God Elsewise unseen ! For My sake find in Man Heaven's glory hiding ; and for My sake love The least of these my brethren, since the least Hath God in him-or shall have !' Oh, our best Left us still sighing, 'all this petty world Is full of spoiled and spoilers; strangers, foes, Hating and hated ; rending each from each By force or fraud the means to live; low souls Base, void, unlovely! What should make us love This poor forked fellow-worm, plagued with vile needs.

By savage passions scourged, whose brittle life Commenced in helplessness, runs its vain round Of meats, drinks, sleeping, striving; then sinks back,

Helpless again, to that clay whence he came? Where shall we find Heaven's image in these brows Ape-like and low? these faces foul with lusts? Those hands with guiltless blood dyed red, those eyes Aflame with greed and anger ;---nay, and worse, Those false, deceiving hearts that cog and cheat, The smooth, reputed hypocrites who smile And, with the serpent's glitter, drag his sting? What peak, at loftiest, had our breed attained Where we might stand and see the stars come close? Where glowed one human glory bright enough To feed the fond desire, the hopeless hope That somewhere, at beginning, Man did touch Divinity; and, somewhere, at his end, Might pass-a purged thing-to the Infinite?

"This hath my Lord and Master satisfied ! This, from the mouth of doubters and Unfaith Forever hath He taken ! Ah ! the worst, Th' unworthiest creature of us, crawling Earth,

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If he but knew what bliss hath happened here, What sudden splendor of inheritance, What unexpected purple, undeserved, Hath lighted making Him the kith of Kings, Would lift his head from the life-dust he licks, And, in the sunshine of new, happy hope Spread jewelled wings of joy-as when we see The dull grey worm, hid in uncomely shell, Burst it, and soar a lightsome butterfly Burning and blossoming, all gold and blue. I-even I-the wilful one, and wild, Because He did forgive, because my feet Are clean with treading in His steps, because I heard His gracious words; and saw Him live, And saw Him die, and saw Him after Death Alive, triumphant, Lord of Life and Death; Come to His Kingdom, and not gone from us: I-Miriam of Magdala-rejoice With what exceeding joy thine eyes have marked, Standing persuaded that no height, nor depth,

Nor present things, nor things to be, nor powers, Nor pangs, shall separate us from His grace. And, for myself, and all the Earth, and thee, Have no grief left, and cannot suffer grief, Being Woman, and my Lord and God a Man. For, listen yet again ! This Godlike One, This spotless, stainless, sinless, blameless Christ, Whom none did once convince of one small swerve From perfectness; nor ever shall !---so strong The elements obeyed Him; so divine The devils worshipped; so with virtue charged The touch of Him was health; so masterful The dead came back upon His call; so mild The little children clustered at His knee, And nestled trustful locks on that kind breast Which leans to-day on God's-Consider, Sir ! A human heart beat there ! a human brain Pondered, and pitied, and was sorrowful Behind that Sovereign brow. The blood of us,-Of women and of men-coursed, crimson, warm,

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

In those rich veins ! Nay, and He ate our meats, And drank our drinks, and wore the dress we wore ; And His hair fluttered in the breeze which stirred Peter's and John's and mine. So, now, henceforth This wonder lasts, that what in all the worlds Was highest, holiest, purest, noblest, best, More taintless than the Morning-Star, more kin To Heaven than light of Heaven, or proudest plumes Of Angel and Archangel-that is Man! That one supreme, consummate, faultless life, It was a human life, begun with us, Continued 'midst us, ended as we end In woe and weakness, thence emerged to be A Glory sitting equal in the sky With God's own glory, everlastingly That by which we are judged, and that whereby The race of Man claims place and patrimony; Oh, more than all! that for whose holy sake, By whose most sovereign grace, for whose sweet deed

The sins which reddened Earth are washed away Whiter than wool, the debts which loaded Earth Are paid by Love's kiss on the Lips of Law, Tenderly silenced. Now, the whole world hears Or shall hear—surely shall hear—at the last, Though men delay, and doubt, and faint, and fail, That promise faithful :—'Fear not, little flock ! It is your Father's will and joy to give To you the Kingdom !'

"Wherefore, if there live Brothers too low to love, too base to serve, Too evil to forgive ; if aught in Man So abject seem and so to brute allied Nice natures scorn the kinship ;—think that Christ Knew also these, and measured these and made His daily sojourn 'midst them ; and was swift To succor them and cheer ; and bore with them, Never once holding any lowly soul Less dear to Heaven than high and saintly souls ; 232

Never conceding once that one stray sheep-Lean, foul, and fleeceless in the thorns of Sin-Should die, unfolded, for the safe flock's sake. Thus, then, weakly I aim to answer thee : Jesus our Lord hath lived and died and lived : And, now, in Suns and Stars, and amplest Heaven, When Angels name us they must name Him, too, Since He was Man-is Man. And, for His sake, No more 'tis hard to love what He hath loved, Nor strange to tread, in footmarks of His feet, This path which leads, by love of Man, to where---Through earthly service rendered, duties wrought In meekness, purity, and charity-Always our Helper, He awaits. Awaits To tell what best He knew-the secret deep, How the Divine hides in the Undivine. How near to good is evil. Waits to say : 'Enter ye in, who nursed Me, lying sick, And fed Me, being hungered; gave me robes When I was naked, wiped my tears away

In heavy-hearted days, and pitied Me, And helped Me, cast in prison with the thieves !' And, when we answer : 'Oh, dear Lord ! but, how Saw we Thee sick, or hungered, or unclad, Or sad, or cast in prison? Christ shall say: 'Inasmuch as ye did it to the least Of these my brothers, it was done to Me ! Ave! 'twas to Me-and 'twas to God, through Me-Ye gave that cup of water ! I lay sick With him ye succored; I was languishing In prison with the broken hearts ye cheered ; That was my nakedness ye covered up Clothing my poor; I was the babe ye fed; I was that widow whom ye visited; Share my joy now, who helped my Father then ! Enter ye in !'

"Moreover, Sir! I deem

We are so made we but discern what's high, What's great, what's noble, what's best worthy love,

When it comes visible, incarnate, nigh : Beauty were but a name, except it burned Authentic in red glory of the Rose, Or in loved form and face desirable : And Virtue needs must put white raiment on, And walk in sight, 'ere men bend knee to her. Souls, 'ere they soar, ask help,-to spread a wing-From firm ground here; th' ideal real, the dream True in the daylight. But with Christ to love,-With Him to show us what lay lost in us-Man by His birth, God by His deathlessness-For His sake all the race of men grows great; Old laws are spent! What need command us more, With crash of Sinai's thunder, not to rob, To murder, covet, bear false witness? Those Were chains for Hatred ;- Love is done with them ! Love, standing with the children, at His knee, Spells the new lesson that the neighbor wronged, The poor left comfortless, the foeman slain, Were kinsmen used unkindly, lovers lost;

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Being one household, with one Father, God, One eldest brother, Christ. 'How often, Lord ! Shall one offend me, and shall I forgive?' Asked Peter : 'until seven times ?' And He said, 'Seventy times seven pardon !' Not the sin ! He made no peace with that ! The pure in heart Alone see God; and very terrible Blazed his bright wrath 'gainst all the wrong-doers, Oppressors of His poor, self-lovers, scribes Who darken knowledge, sinners loving sin, Impenitent. But, when he turns, turn thou ! And, if he shall not turn, hate him no more As though Christ had not come, a second time To break those stones of Moses, and to write On every shard of his enlarged Law The new, great, golden Statute : WHAT YE WOULD THAT MEN SHOULD DO TO YOU, DO YE TO THEM ! "

"So taught Lord Buddh," the Indian said—"but I Hail larger teaching here. It shall not be, Henceforward, that the wise man reins his wrath For quietness of mind, self-mastery, Or high disdain of who offends,-being held Only some shadow in the phantom-nautch Of Maya, some illusionary show Of sense-life ;---but, because Love's tolerance Fulfils the law, and self would wrong itself Hurting the wronger, who is kin to self. So die all mortal strifes, wars without truce, Quarrels unreconciled ; the cruel feuds Of house with house, and tribe with tribe, and race With neighboring race, nursed darkly in dull veins And handed down, a bloody heritage, From age to age. Such ills shall cease, I deem, Where this ray passeth of the nobler light. Slowly shall dawn, I think, a broader time When, punished worst by lofty clemency, The manslayer shall learn he cannot slay The slain one's right to pardon, nor Man's right To pity and to comfort, while we kill. The oppressor shall not so oppress himself

To shut his soul from share of better things When Justice reigns. Revenge shall sheath his knife Leaving his private grief to public means Which, ceasing not to exact, shall know no hate. Surely, herewith, a new World might begin From this thy faultless Lord, shewing all folk His brothers; dear, for such high brotherhood, And for what lurks like Him, hid in their clay. Love, than Hate mightier, taking happy fire From thy fair Christ, might kindle-as times roll-In crores on crores of hearts,-the beam divine Of that vast patience which is type of Heaven's Sending its sunshine upon good and ill. Yet, one point lacks ! There shall not fall, at first, Great earthly comfort here! Sheep among wolves, Naked 'mid sharpened blades, His messengers Must pass; and suffer bitterness; and be Despised, reviled; brought to the cross and stake; Losing this sweet seen Earth for Heav'n unseen. It needed that He shewed them,-shewed to us-

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More than a man may; proved it visible This hidden World, where wages shall be paid; No sleep, no dream, no mystic cheat to tempt Souls deathwards, down the narrow Road of Right; But verity-close, palpable, and clear-If we had eyes to see,-plain certitude As solid as the summer's purple grapes, As rich roast meats, as miser's gold; as lips Dewed with the honey of youth, rose-ripe, and new, For whose sake lovers let the world go by; As likely as to-morrow,-not yet come But surely coming ;---nay more sure than that, Since, if each be at all, it is to-day And all days,-this abiding, fuller Life Beyond, and round, and in, and under things, Shut from us now by curtain of the flesh Whose edge Death lifts. Said'st thou He took Death's place

And pushed the black folds back; and made us know?"

She answered not; but, with obeisance, rose; Passed swiftly through that latticed door which led From the paved Court into the Women's rooms; And presently returned, holding the hand Of a pale Maid, who wore the Hebrew dress Tsaiph and cethôneth-gown and gathered shirt-Of fine Egyptian linen, all in white Girt with an *abnêt* wove in gold and white, Its tassels threaded pearls; and, on her head The tsaniph, tied with pearls. But most you marked The exceeding paleness of that grave fair face Which was as if white marble breathed, and had Black tresses banded on it, and large orbs Of jetty gems inlaid for eyes; and lips Carved of faint-colored coral; ever pressed As though they held some secret word to say And must not part, lest breath of it break forth : Yet, with her pallor, something strange of joy In her bright glance revealed, and gentle mouth Where-flitting under subtle-shadowed curvesA light smile always played, so tender-sad It seemed to mock at sadness. Calm and soft Issued the Aramaic of her speech In salutation, while she bent, and said : "Peace be with thee!" And the grey Magus stood Folding his palms across his breast ; and gazed With fear and wonder on her countenance So secret-full, albeit so fresh and young ; Murmuring : "On thee be peace !"

"It dwells with her

Now, and forevermore "—quoth Miriam— "Passing all understanding! She hath seen What none else sees; and journeyed to a Land Whence none returns, and heard with living ears What the Dead say; for this is Shélomith Whom Jesus raised from death in Galilee, Daughter of Jair. She lodgeth with us here, His handmaid, and the friend of all His friends, Living His Virgin, till He call her hence."

Thereat fell silence, while the Indian sage Gazed more intent; and Shélomith's great eyes Roamed, searching in the sky for sights unseen.

Mary went on : "Once, in Capernaum, He sat at meat with Matthew; and there came The Rabbi Jair-Rosh-Hakkenêseth-Chief Of synagogue; who fell before His feet, Beseeching from His love and mightiness Help for a daughter, twelve years old. She lay Dying-by this time, peradventure, dead ;--His only daughter, dearer than heart's blood. And Jesus rose and went; we following. But, while our throng threaded the long bazaars,-Woe-begone Jair leading the way, the folk In booths and shops upstarting, from their trades And trafficking, to see their Rabbi's hand Clasped in the Master's, and that hurrying crowd Gather from Khân and well and synagogue :--Look ! there runs up, wild with his grief and speed, One from the Ruler's house. Tears course adown; He rends his skirt! He cries: 'The maid is dead! Trouble no more the Master!' Rabbi Jair Beats on his breast, and moans. But Jesus said: 'Fear not! only believe! She shall be whole!' And Jair, drear, gazing on the gracious lips Which spake such comfort inconceivable, Came to his gate. By this the wailing-women Screamed round the door, with flutes and drums, and

flung

Dust on their heads, lamenting '*Wel-wel-éh !* Ah, his resource ! his glory ! Oh, Gazelle ! That shall not drink our water-brooks again, Nor leave the lilies fairer for thy feet ! Oh, tender, broken, palm-tree ! *Wel-wel-éh !*' Thou knowest, Sir, how sorrowful is death. But He, staying their clamor, gently said : 'Weep not ! She is not dead ; she doth but sleep ; I will awake her !' This they laugh to scorn Well wotting she is dead. Then entered He With Peter, John, and James ; and, beside these,
The Rabbi with his wife. Our Shélomith
Lay on her pallet, white and still as snow,
The grave-cloth bound about her hair ; the myrrh
Scattered upon her breasts ; her little palms
Pressed meek together ; pale lips done with
breath ;

Worn eyelids, weary with the fever, dropped Shutting the eyes from life; black lashes laid Close to cheek's alabaster—surely dead ! Not hearing any more the Father's cry : 'My Shélomith ! would I had died for thee !' Not feeling any more the Mother's tears Passionate on her brow. But Jesus touched The chill and stiffening hands; looked steadfastly

In the still face; then, giving soft command Stronger than Death's, 'Damsel, arise!' He cries, '*Talitha, cumi!*' And her spirit came, And she arose and walked; and ate of meat:

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While those around laid hands upon their mouths, Astonished with a great astonishment."

Anew fell silence, while the Magus drew Nearer by paces three, to see this Maid Living, that had been dead, who knew the things Which no flesh knows, and bore them wistfully In calm bright eyes, and placid smiling lips.

Then spake he: "Is it lawful if I ask What memory holdest thou of that black time?"

Shélomith, after pause, replied : "He bade We should not greatly speak of what was wrought ; And, if I speak, something is wont to fall Like a thick curtain, shutting off my mind, With all it knows, from you that know it not. I pray you give me grace if I speak nought !"

And Mary said-" Beseech you, pardon her !

She must not speak ! It is not well for Life To learn too soon the lovely secrets kept For them that die. Look on her face, and see What close content, and private peacefulness Gleam through it from the lighted heart within ! Now hast thou witnessed what thou didst desire, That other world shewn visible and near; Not sleep, not dream, not cheat, but Verity !"

The Indian said : "I worship her, and praise The greatness of thy potent Lord : and thank Thy pains. Yet was it very Death, indeed, Not trance, nor swoon? In closest moments here Hath she told nought of those new things she saw?"

"Sometimes," Mary replied, "when we have walked

Amid the tombs, or seen go wailing by The mourners with their painted bier, and noise 245

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Of funeral music, Shélomith will smile And whisper to herself, in words half-caught, Dreamily,—comforting the Dead, it seems : 'Thou happy Sister! blessed Brother! safe ! Who will not hear His Voice! And yet, sweet !—

sweet !--

Tender-sweet sounded it, although it called My spirit back so far ! Now, weep not so, Ye living ones ! Ye, too, shall pass ! and, then— To grow so new and different !—What is't ? Will men still call it "dead"? We lie a-bed ; And sleep ; and seem, on all our nights, to die ; But the soul wakes, and plays between the bars Like a caged bird. Afterwards, body wakes, And soul's asleep, or hiding ! What surprise For these who go feet foremost to the grave, To learn the dream was Day-time, Light was Night, Gliding—soft-gliding—to that greater Life, Which always was so near ;—only a skin To cast aside, like the enameled snake

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And then-the fresh gold and the glittering blues! Dear God ! how wonderful those colors were I had not marked before-and, yet, not new ! Those lands and seas I never saw before, And, still,-'twas Galilee and Gadara ! Those high kind faces never, surely, known ;---And yet-I played with them before they "died "---Before I "died !" to find them waiting me So many, and so many, and such joy ! So glad and natural !- Till that Voice rang, Gentle and mighty-which all worlds obey-" Talitha, cumi ! " " Come back, Shélomith ! " Then I obeyed, coming reluctantly, And breathed this Earth again :--He touching me!

Oh, wailers! dance and sing for your wise dead Who do not listen to "Alâlalai!"

Ah, fair Lord ! pardon mine unwilling feet ! Still I came back ! and I will live, and hush, Till thou sayest : "Talitha !" " Now, come again!"'

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"So have I heard her murmur "-Mary said.

But when the Maid—low salutations paid— Passed once again the latticed door, none spake. And silently the Buddhist kissed the hem Of Mary's gown, departing silently.

Book 6.

THE GREAT CONSUMMATION.

" IF Death "—the Indian said—" be dead, indeed," (That sixth day in the House at Magdala) "Be dead in knowing that one human soul Once laid this flesh aside, and went, and came, Taking it up again ;—as she avers Whose deep eyes stayed my speaking yesterday, Them am I answered ! Then thy Master wrought Better than Buddh, shewing the world beyond Where men shall find their treasures of good works Laid up in trust, awaiting ; loss made gain ; The Kingdom come. Unless, in truth, 'twere dream Thy maid had of the marvels and the Voice,

math

And thy Lord—of his Knowledge—spake 'She Sleeps'

Such sleep, belike, not life nor death, but swoon— In some dim region where the dying halt— As locked the senses of thy widow's son In Nain ;—unto this wisest Master known At eye-glance ; and He did but break a trance."

"Good Friend! I think Truth was the merchandise

Thy camels toiled to fetch this weary way From Hind to Jordan," Mary answered him; "Else were I loth to say what I shall say Telling thee farther of a living one Healthful to-day, with colors of quick blood Ruddying his cheek, and bright hair clustering; No stronger step on Carmel's steepest side! No rower on our lake-wave lustier ! Who lay four nights a dead man in the tomb; But, on the Master's call, came forth therefrom Bound limb and loin with grave-cloths,—hands and feet,—

Forth from the pit, I say, into the sun-Bound with those bands, as we had laid him there Four days before, to moulder with the worm ;--'We !' for this dead man,-living now, and hale-Is El'azar of Bethany, well known. In all these parts-my Brother. And I saw Those garments of the grave stripped swiftly off. And what we put there—pale, and cold, and lean, A body broke by ten days' fever-fits-Stride over that black threshold, fair and fresh, Into the daylight, at my Master's word. Last year he sojourned long in Magdala: Yet 'tis not well he should be marked! He walks A wordless, gentle, wistful man; aware Of more than may be said in any speech, Not of our world, though in it, well content To wait Heaven's way in all things. Time will be The truth shall widely spread; now it is best

We seal our lips, and watch him silently Coming and going, manifesting God.

"Yet, for thy sake, I speak,-more freely speak Because what I must tell thee, at the close, Of wonder, glory, conquest, comfort, joy Of consummation crowned, and passage pierced-Blissful, triumphant—from high sacrifice To Heavenly peace and confirmation strong, Destroying Doubt and Death,-cometh more sure To thee, as heretofore to me and us, With knowing this. We were in Gadara And-I remember-'twas a summer's eve. Amid the yellow daisies of the Lake The children gathered round Him, brought from far Only that He might touch them. 'Twas that hour When He rebuked His Twelve, saying, 'Suffer these

To come to Me! the Kingdom is of such ! Who shall receive it as a little child

Entereth therein !' So sitting with a babe Asleep upon His breast, and on His knee One round-eved 'Angel of the Kingdom,' nursed Full fatherly :—a shallop drove its keel Sharp on the tinkling shingle, and thence gave My Brother to our band. For I had told At Bethany how great the Master was; How wise, how holy, how compassionate. And El'azar sped, running through the reeds; And thrust past peasants, mothers, and the Twelve; And kneeled and prayed: 'Good Master! wherewithal Shall I gain Life eternal?' Jesus said : 'Call me not good! None is all good save One! Thou knowest the Commandments?' at those words Reciting Moses. Quoth my brother, then, 'All these have 1 observed from my youth up !'

And Jesus, seeing, loved him ; kissed his head

As Rabbis will when scholars answer well;

But bade him go his way, sell all his goods,

And give his shekels to the poor, and buy Treasures in Heaven. Thereat El'azar turned Sorrowful, for he was a Ruler, owning vines, Milch-kine and olive-yards. Yet, that kind kiss Lay strong upon him; and he did this thing . And gave much wealth, and lived for better gold, And grew the Master's friend, faithful, and close, Ministering, when we came to Bethany.

"Thus fell it—near to His last Passover— That El'azar lay sick; and we did send Messengers saying: 'Lord! the man thou lov'st Lies sick to death.' But that day came He not, And that day died my Brother; and next day He would not come; He had His purposes! They told us how He said: 'El'azar sleeps; I go to waken him from sleep;' and, next, When one made answer: 'Lord! but if he sleep He shall do well!' the Master plainly said: 'Our friend is dead; for your sakes I am glad

I was not there, since now ye shall believe : Let us arise and go; and make him live !'

"But we, in Bethany, had borne our dead Unto his tomb. It was a cavern cut On the hill's face, with winding steps let down Into the darkness, to a sepulchre Hewn chamber-wise out of the vaulted rock. A great stone *golâl* sealed the entrance place And shut him with his fathers' bones. Meseems When thou didst journey here to visit us Coming, by Bethphagë, o'er Olivet-Near to that point where proud Jerusalem Burns at the northward bend—all white and gold— Thy beasts trod by the spot. And, being nigh The city's gates, many Jews came to us For friendship, and to mingle tears o'er him. Suddenly rumor grew the Lord drew near. My sister rose to seek, and quick returned Whispering 'Yea, He is here, and calleth thee !'

And while we hastened—many following us— She told me, on the road, all which had fall'n; How she had said—distraught—that, even now, What He might ask God's power would grant to Him; How Jesus answered: 'He shall rise again!' And she had sighed: 'True, Lord! I know, I know! When end of all things comes; at the Last Day!' On which He spake:—the words dwell in my heart!—

I AM THE RESURRECTION AND THE LIFE; HE THAT BELIEVETH IN ME, THOUGH HE WERE DEAD, YET SHALL HE LIVE.

And whosoever liveth and believeth in Me shall never die.

Yet, now, we understood not; and I fell At those dear feet with no hope lightening My heavy-burdened breast. Too late! too late! Why had He tarried, only seven leagues off, Who might have healed; and El'azar so loved? 'Lord, had'st thou but been here!' brake from my lips,

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'My brother had not died !' Then, as I think, To see our tears, and all those mourning folk, And know our lamentation one salt drop In this world's brimful sea of misery; Bethinking how, by night and day; near, far, Eves stream, hearts crack, and homes are laid in waste For terror of this secret-footed Death Which comes unseen, and slaveth silently; And hath not answered once, though myriads ask : 'What art Thou? Wilt thou give us back our Dead?' Bethinking Him of this, compassionate, Folding all human sorrows in His heart, Our Heavenly Master groaned in spirit; shook, A-tremble with that vast Love, gathering Against His breast all such as weep on Earth. 'Where have ye laid him?' sighed He. When I said 'Lord ! Come and see !' the gracious eyes were wet With tears which comfort all tears.

" Jesus wept.

"So, to the Tomb we came. The grey slab made Its monstrous door, where tread of guest falls not, Nor knock is answered, but the Dead within Keep speechless company, and, in the dark-With none to visit them save rat and worm ; Nothing befalling but a bone which drops; Moulder together, all a-dust and dry, Saying no word,-disconsolate, undone, Staring with empty eyes at olive-roots Whose fruit they used to pluck-for others now ! Saving no word ! Husband and Wife and Child, Brother and Sister,-who were wont to mix Lips, hands, and hearts in Earth's warm fellowship, Silent and separate, on noisome beds. Oh, till He lived did we not dread our Dead So still, so altered, so unlovely, so-? Nay! when He spake: 'Roll me this stone away!' My sister sobbed : 'It may not be ! Dear lord ! 'Tis four days gone ! by this time stinketh he !'

"'Roll me the stone away!' He said again ; 'Spake I not unto thee that thou should'st see The glory of God ?' Then, eight young men of thews, With ox-yokes and the olive-poles, pushed back The leaning rock; and the black adit gaped As 'twere the mouth of Tophet, horrible ! The throng drew off; the very sunshine seemed Loth to re-enter, lighting two first steps Of the dark stair-way, and the hollowed roof Where a bat clung and cried, and spiders hung In broken empty webs, and foul flies crept. Next, Jesus, no more weeping, but His eyes With pity and love and power irradiate, Drew close, and set His holy fearless foot On that grim threshold, and did pray this praver : 'Father! I thank thee Thou hast heard me here ! I know Thou hearest alway : but because The people standing nigh shall hereby see That thou hast sent me, I did ask, and Thou Hast answered !' Then, from lowest notes, His voice

Rose clear, commanding : 'El 'azar ! Come forth !' Cried He imperious. Oh, and in that gloom Ensued a stir,—a noise of rustled cloths,— A foot-fall on the stair-way ! El'azar-The dead man,—cometh forth ! Like unto one,— Who slumbers in his summer-room, and hears Intermixt with deep happy dreams, a tone He knows and loves call him to play; and leaps Upon his feet, and girds his coat, and hastes With light steps,—laughing—and lids not yet wide-; So El'azar ! So, half asleep to see, Dazed, unexpectant ; but alert, aware, My brother ! stumbling somewhat for his bonds, And one free hand fumbling the face-cloth back To spy the Master,—stepped forth lustily Glowing with glad new life, wholesome and fair; The crimson of his lips and of his cheeks Full-colored ; eyes alight, foot firm, voice strong, Loud and assured. But we,-all dumb, for fear And joy and thanks and wonder,—held our breaths,

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Not moving, 'till we heard the Master say : 'Loose him, and let him go !'"

[Next, day by day,

She told the story of those later days How he did pass unto Jerusalem, Wending to die, because such death should bring Fruit of his fair life and high grace for men; · How, spying the proud City, as He rode Meek, on an ass, with children for His guards And glad hosannas wakening the hills, He sorrowed for His splendid murderess Throned on her rock, crowned with the great white

Dome

And girt with Kedron and the guardian hills; Sighing : "Jerusalem ! Jerusalem ! Slaving the Prophets, stoning those that come Messengers to thee ! If, in this thy day, Thou had'st but known !--- thou, Zion ! had'st but heard

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The things belonging to thy peace! How oft I would have gathered all thy children in As a hen clucks her chickens to her wings But thou would'st not ! And now behold thy House So left unto thee desolate !" She told How to that House one last sad while He passed ; Sate in the Temple, saw its goodly courts, Its nine gates laid with gold ; its corner-stones Rose-red, and white and black, fetched from afar For Israel's God, each block a desert-crag Sculptured to beauty; and the golden grapes Over the golden doors, each shining bunch The stature of a man; its cedar-work; Its alabaster stairs; that purple veil Soon to be rent, shutting the "Holiest" in ; The Ark, the Cherubim with shielding wings; The vain, void Altar whence the God was gone. For, "seest thou these great buildings?" so He spake,

" One stone upon another doth not stand

Of all its stones which shall not be cast down In times that come !" And, then-amid His friends-Told she the sojourning at Bethany; The last sleep on the breast of Olivet; The treason of the man of Keriaoth Selling for thirty pieces that sweet blood Which buys our bliss; the sad last supper set, Secret and holy in the City's midst Where He did break them bread, and pour them wine, And wash the feet of all the Twelve-even his Who must betray Him,-his stained with new dust Of coming from the house of Caiaphas, And counting out the shekels. For love hath No measure in his magnanimities, And, "peradventure," Mary said: "even he-After self-loathing, and Aceldama-Hath somewhere, by strange grace, some place again-With bitter heart-pangs purged, near to his Lord; Who chose him at the first, and at the last Washed him, well-knowing of the wicked kiss.

For as the sin so is the suffering, And Judas needs must ache with Jesu's cheek." Next, she recited how, that last dread night-Eve of the Cross-He passed, as all men pass, Into His anguish-to Gethsemane. "For it were not to be a man," said she, "If once, and briefly, and with trailing wings, Soul did not bid the body fond farewell At hour when soul comes to the throat, and flits Glad of past days, and greatly moved to part. One time must be, in all the lives which live, When strength sinks into weakness, faith desponds, And fair hope swoons, and—for a little while— No star shews where the path winds; not one gleam From all those promised Angels who have gone, And know the way, and should be there to make The Valley of the Shadow safe with hands Familiar, at first touch, in thickest dark.

He, Sir!"—she said:—"ev'n He: for whom rayed worlds

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Watched, with unwinking silver eyelashes, That sad night of their little sister-world; He, who had twenty myriad Shining Ones With golden plumes at poise, fluttering to fly Swift—if it might have been—to wipe His brow Clear of the bloody sweat, and comfort Him, And catch Him to His Kingdom—prayed full sore— The God consenting while the Mortal shrank— 'Abba ! all things are possible with Thee ! Sorrowful is my spirit, unto death ! If it may be, let this Cup pass from Me ; If this Cup may not pass away from Me Except I drink it, let Thy will be done !'"

And, afterwards, the Treason :—the foul kiss— "Hail, Master !"—and the tender answer, "Friend ! Betrayest thou Me with kissing ?"—torches' glare ; Swords, staves ; as if to take a thief by night— The hour, and power, of Darkness. "El'azar Saw all," she said; "he was the 'young man' there Following for love, wearing that 'linen cloth' Whom they did strip and seize." On that, the Priests The Sanhedrin, the Judgment-(what she told Heretofore unto Pilate)-Pilate's wrath; The scourge; the mocking purple cloak; the crown Jewelled with blood; the path to Golgotha; The cruel Cross (oh, Tree, which made its wood, Who planted thee? Did birds nest in thy boughs And sunshine light thy leaves?); the cruel Cross; The savage rending nails; the scroll; the sponge; The cry "Eloi, lama sabacthani!" then His death-word "It is finished !"-and the death, And spear-blade deep into His dead side plunged, And the Centurion, crying : "Verily, This was a Son of God !"]

"Oh! we were fain For sorrow and for shame"—said Miriam— "Who stood to see Him die! Never so low Bowed the bright Sun, stooping to bathe his gold

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In whelming waves; never so meek, and lost, Faded the splendor of the Morning-Star Before that Morning which it heralded, As He did humble and abjure Himself-In moment of arriving majesty-Consenting on the Cross to hang and die. Had we not seen-did we not know Heaven's might Servant and succor to Him? plumëd bands Of Presences invisible, intent, Upon His lightest sighing, loyally, To go and come, bearing Him embassage? Oh, measure what a love, if thou canst mete, The immortal pity of that soul serene, Pitiless only to its body, firm To hold it uncomplaining, patient, still, Close to the Cross; of one mind with the nails, With the dull, senseless wood-for sake of men, And great salvation of all flesh to be. Not summoning once, with one swift sinking thought,

The rescue that had rushed on wings of fire From North and South and East and West, to aid. Not suffering once-not when the fever raged Worst in His veins, and thirst blackened His lips, And those whom He had come to teach and save Gave Him no better thanks than bitter gibes-Not suffering Death,—who waited weepingly For leave to strike-to hasten one small step Quicker for Him than for the thieves who hung On either hand! All this to wring no word From His most innocent and pardoning breast Except the tender mandate, sadly sighed To Mary Mother, wailing at His feet; And the sick gasp, 'I thirst !' and spirit's spasm 'Father! dost Thou forsake Me?' and the cry Of Victory's anguish : 'IT IS FINISHED !'"

"And measure—if the mind can ever mete— That sorrow of us standing by, who saw Our Master,—Master over Death and Pain, Lord of all Angels, and all devils—droop Unhelped; we who so loved Him, helplessly Gazing far-off—held from His bleeding feet By Pilate's spears, and guards of Caiaphas, And Roman soldiers, casting lots to share His sacred vestments! Measure what a pang Tore us, and mocked our faith, and made our hopes

Fall, leaf by leaf; like last leaves, when the blast Of winter strips the vineyard grey and bare! Nay, but not mine! Truly, I tell you, Sir! I loved Him so !—I worshipped so ! I knew So well in inmost mind He could not die, And would not die, and was not less than God, And should make good to all, in His good time, The meaning, and the means, and mystery; And be that King they wrote Him on the scroll; That, while mine eyes ran tears too thick to see His dear face, and my fingers clenched themselves Into my palms, as if they were the nails Piercing His hands; I went not otherwise Than full-assured it would be well at last.

"Yet, measure-if thy mind can measure this-How lost we stood, defeated, abject, shamed, Those Twelve-with Judas one; and all the rest Fled at Gethsemane-and I; and she Who bore Him; and the women ministering; And some poor, few, sad, fearful friends aloof Afraid to grieve, because of those stern spears ; Shut from the shaking Cross, whispering their woe Lest Galilæan country-tongues bewray, And they be known—like Peter—for His sheep. Only this left of those high-nourished dreams About the times to follow Galilee When He should sit upon His Kingdom's throne, And rule the land, and give to Israel— The Roman eagles driven screaming off-Days of King David's majesty again, Solomon's splendors-more than Solomon's !

Only this left of larger phantasies When we looked higher-saw Him judging Earth At God's right hand; ave ! by those pleasant fields Of Dalmanutha, and the green sea-shores-Drunk, like the children of the Bride-chamber, With his new wine of love-begged for the seats This side and that side of His Royalty, Over the heads of Angels. And, now this ! For our King's drink the hyssop on the sponge! For our King's purple the slow.trickling blood ! For our King's courtiers the writhing thieves This side and that ! for our King's ministers Those legionaries with the savage spears! For our King's praises gibes of passers-by ! For our King's throne the cruel torturing Tree! We-who in those glad days of Galilee Left all and followed Him; certain and sure The Angels' song was true, Heaven's joy was come Visible, lovable, approachable, In this sweet, well-beloved Son of Man :

That we had seen and heard the Power of God Made Mercy, made Forgivingness, made Peace; And elemental enemies, and Death, Dropping their old ill masks to manifest All things in all the spheres servants to Him, Lovers of Man, and secret Ministers :— We to stand weeping there—His sad, shamed

Church-

The last scorned ruins of the large scheme planned To take the whole World by the hand of Love, And make all flesh One Father's family. Ah, never since tears rolled—since human hearts Beat quick with hope, to break in black despair, Lay Love so wingless, Faith so quite forlorn As that dread day, on guilty Golgotha !"

She paused—the great drops welling from her eyes—

But lit behind by such a ray as breaks Across the April rain, and paints the Bow.

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"Yet thou"—she said—" who knowest stars in Heaven,

Which are not gone because we see them not,

Shalt learn in that dark hour was clearest shewn

The eternal lustre of my Lord's sweet Star.

"It was our Sabbath-eve. By set of sun Arimathæan Joseph craved, and gained The grace to lay Him in his Sepulchre Fresh-hewn, where no man ever yet was laid, Shut in a garden. And did bring Him there Tenderly taken from the bloody Cross, Wrapped in fine sindon, and strewn round about With myrrh and aloes—gifts for burial From Nakdimon the Rabbi—as much spice As should a King's grave sweeten. And they set A great stone to the entrance of the Tomb. And I—with one more—watched them set the stone, But might not come at Him, to make Him fair, Because a guard of soldiers kept the place; Also, it was the Sabbath.

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"So night passed; And all that next slow day; and night again.

"Then, while the first day of the week was dark, Alone I wended to His sepulchre, Bearing fair water, and the frankincense, And linen, that my Lord's sweet body sleep Well in the rock. And, while my woeful feet Passed through the gate, and up the paved ascent Along the Second Wall, over the Hill, Into that Garden, hard by Golgotha,— The Morning brightened over Moab's peaks, Touched the great Temple's dome with crimson fires Lit Ophel and Moriah rosy-red, Made Olivet all gold, and, on the pools In Hinnom laid a sudden lance of flame. And, from the thorn-trees, brake the waking-songs

Of little birds; and every palm-tree's top Was full of doves that cooed, as knowing not How Love was dead, and Life's dear glory gone, And World's hope lay there in the tomb with Him; Which now I spied,—that hollow in the rock Under the camphire leaves. Yet, no guards there To help me roll the stone! nay, and no stone! It lay apart, leaving the door a-gape, And through the door, as I might dimly see. The scattered wrappings of the Burial-night, Pale gleams amidst the gloom. Not waiting, then,-Deeming our treasure taken wickedly-I sped; and came to Peter, and to John; And cried : 'Our Lord is stolen from His grave And none to tell where He is borne away !' Thereat, they ran together, came, and saw; And entered in; and found the linen-cloths Scattered; the rock-bed empty; and, amazed, Back to their house they went. But I drew nigh A second time, alone; Heart-broken now

The bright day seeming blackest night to me, The small birds mockers, and the City's noise-Waking within the walls-hateful and vain. Why should Earth wake, the Son of Man asleep? Or that great guilty City rise and live, With this dear Lord, dead, in her stony skirts? Fled, too, my last fond hope, to lay Him fair, And kiss His wounded feet, and wash the blood From His pierced palms, and comb His tangled hair To comeliness, and leave Him-like a King-To His forgetful Angels. Weeping hard With these thoughts, like to snake-fangs, stinging me My left hand on the stone I laid, and shut The eager sunshine off with my right hand, Kneeling, and looking in the Sepulchre. It was not dark within ! I deemed at first A lamp burned there, such radiance mild I saw Lighting the hewn walls, and the linen-bands; And, in one corner, folded by itself, The face-cloth. Coming closer, I espied

Two men who sate there,—very watchfully— One at the head, the other at the foot Of that stone table where my Lord had lain. Oh! I say 'men'—I should have known no men Had eyes like theirs, shapes so majestical, Tongues tuned to such a music as the tone Wherewith they questioned me :—'Why weepest

thou ?'

'Ah, Sirs!' I said: 'my Lord is ta'en away, Nor wot we whither !' and thereat my tears
Blotted all seeing. So, I turned to wipe
The hot drops off; and, look! Another one
Standing behind me, and my foolish eyes
Hard gazing on Him, and not knowing Him !
Indeed, I deemed this was the Gardener
Keeping the Trees and Tomb, so was He flesh;
So living, natural, and made like man
Albeit, if I had marked—if any ray
Of watchful hope had helped me—such a look,
Such Presence, beautiful and pure; such light Of loveliest compassion in His face, Had told my beating heart and blinded eyes WHO this must be. But I—my brow i' the dust—

Heard Him say softly : 'Wherefore weepest thou ? Whom seekest thou ?' A little marvelled I— Still at His foot, too sorrowful to rise,— He should ask this,—the void grave gaping near And He its watchman ; yet His accents glad ; Nay, each word sweet with secret resonance Of joy shut in it ; and a tender note Of lightness, like the gentle raillery Which lovers use, dissembling happiness. Nathless, not lifting up my foolish head, 'Sir,' said I, 'If 'tis thou hast borne Him hence, Tell me where thou hast laid Him. Then will I Bear Him away !' "

"What answer came to that?" Fetching deep breath, the Indian asked,-

And she—

Her white arms wide out-raught-as if she saw His feet again to clasp, her true knee bent As He were there to worship; her great eyes Shining with glow of fearless faithful love, As if, once more, they looked Him in the face, And drank divinest peace-replied, elate : "Ah, Friend! such answer that my sadness turned Gladness, as suddenly as grey is gold When the Sun springs in glory ! such a word As made my mourning laugh itself to nought Like a cloud melting to the Blue! Such word As, with more music than Earth ever heard, Set my swift-dancing veins full well aware Why so the Day dawned, and the City stirred, And the vast idle world went busy on, And the birds carolled, and, in palm-tree tops, The wise doves cooed of love! Oh, a dear word Spoke first to me, and, after me, to all, That all may always know He is the Lord,

And Death is dead, and new times come for men; And Heaven's ways justified, and Christ alive, Whom we saw die, nailed on the cruel Cross! For, while I lay there, sobbing at His feet The word He spake—My Lord! my King! my Christ! Was my name :

"'MARY !'

"If I say the Dead

Catch tone of some such melting tenderness When first their lovers in the new Life flock And greet and kiss them, telling them sweet things Of bliss beyond, and Love crowned Conqueror; If I should speak of children, dreaming ill, And then grown 'ware it is the dear safe breast Of their fond Mother which they fret upon! If I should liken hopeless mariners Snatched sudden from black gulfs; or men condemned,

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Ransomed from chains, and led to marriage-feasts;— With the swift comfort of that instant change, All must fall short! No language had I then, No language have I now! only I turned My quick glance upward; saw Him; knew Him! sprang

Crying: 'Rabboni !-Lord ! my Lord ! dear Lord ! '"

Thereat, within the house of Magdala, Fell silence,—Mary on her knees at prayer, Lost for a little unto earthly things : And he, who came so far, and came so late, To know what setting had the fair white Star Seen over Bethlehem—clasping dark palms Across his breast, and humbly bowed to hail Her, of all women—after One—most blest, Most honored, and most honorable ; whose love, 282

Washing her sins away with holy chrism— More precious than much spikenard,—won hereby The first word ever spoke from Heaven's own mouth Plain to Earth's ears, to tell us Death has died, And Love shall save all that will trust in Him.

"Oh! Thou most happy Lady!"—presently The Indian said : "I praise and worship thee Messenger of thy Master to all Lands ! Surely thy name shall be, in times to come, Sweet on the lips of all men ; and thy sex, Thy sisters—lifted into larger grace, For thy great sake, and for this mighty thing Done to thy tenderness and constancy— Laud thee, and joy in thee, who dost make known— To saintliest souls not less than sinning souls— The Woman's queenly part in this world's plan ! I do perceive—since Age, which dims the eye, Opens the inward vision—there shall spread News of these high 'Good Tidings'; growing gleams Of this strange Star we followed to the fold. I do discern that, forth from this fair Life, And this meek Death, and thine arisen Christ, Measureless things are wrought; a Thought-Dawn

born

Which shall not cease to broaden, till its beam
Makes noon of Knowledge for a gathered World,
Completing what our Buddha left unsaid;
Carpeting bright his noble Eight-fold Way
With fragrant blooms of all-renouncing love,
And bringing high Nirvâna nearer hope,
Easier and plainer ! Spake thy living Lord
More than the name ? Camest thou to touch of Him?"

Mary replied : "It seems a little thing, Now,—seest thou,—when so great a thing is told— That being a Son of God and Man, he knew Life's hidden spring, and called the Spirit back At Nain, and after, at Capernaum;

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

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Or stayed the worm at work in Bethany; Where, for God's glory, he gave back again The bodily house, quick-mended, to His friend, To El'azar, my Brother. But, mark well ! Here was the body of the life beyond Which these unworthy eyes did look upon ! That we shall wear when flesh is laid aside; No eye shall see it, save by mystery Making flesh spirit, or the Spiritual Take fleshly shape awhile.

"When I was fain

To fling my arms around His knees, and pour My hair upon His feet, and eat, eat, eat His garment's hem with kissing ; measuredly He stayed me, saying : 'Touch me not ! not yet Am I ascended to my Father ! Go ! Speak to my brethren ; say that I ascend Unto my Father, and to yours,—my God, And your God.'"

THE GREAT CONSUMMATION.

"Was he seen again of men?" The Buddhist prayed.

"Many whiles !" answered she : Three times on that First Day, and, afterwards In his old paths by silver Galilee : And on the Mountain ; where He met His own, And made their cheer celestial. Last of all He shewed in full midst of Jerusalem, Amongst the eleven,—nail-marks on hands and feet Rose-red, and spear-gash scarring the white side ; And ate of fish and honey from their board : Then blessed, and led them forth to Olivet ; And passed—as if, they said, a waiting cloud Received Him out of sight."

"Centurion !"

The Indian cried :---"set there to see him die :--Truly the Son of God !"--- THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

PEACE BEGINNING TO BE

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DEEP AS THE SLEEP OF THE SEA WHEN THE STARS THEIR FACES GLASS IN ITS BLUE TRANQUILLITY: HEARTS OF MEN UPON EARTH, NEVER ONCE STILL FROM THEIR BIRTH, TO REST AS THE WILD WATERS REST WITH THE COLORS OF HEAVEN ON THEIR BRFAST !

Love, which is sunlight of peace, Age by age to increase

TILL ANGERS AND HATREDS ARE DEAD, AND SORROW AND DEATH SHALL CEASE : "PEACE ON EARTH AND GOOD-WILL !" Souls that are gentle and still HEAR THE FIRST MUSIC OF THIS FAR-OFF, INFINITE, BLISS !

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